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POLISH FINANCIAL SUPERVISION AUTHORITY

Annual Report SA-R 2012

(pursuant to the provisions of § 82 par. 1, subpar. 3 of the Ordinance of Minister of Finance of February 19, 2009 – Journal of Laws No. 33, item 259)

(for the issuers of securities running manufacturing, construction, trading or service activities)

for the accounting year 2012 covering the period from 1 January 2012 to 31 December 2012 and for the previous accounting year 2011 covering the period from 1 January 2011 to 31 December 2011 Filing date: April 29, 2012

TIRE COMPANY DEBICA SA

(full name of issuer)

T.C. Debica automotive

(abbreviated name of issuer) (sector according to WSE classification)

39-200 Debica

 (postal code)
 (place)

 ul. 1 Maja
 1

 (street)
 (number)

(14) 670-28-31 14 670-09-57

(phone)

www.debica.com.pl

(e-mail) (Web site) **872-000-34-04**(Tax ID - NIP) (REGON Statistical No.)

PricewaterhouseCoopers Sp. z o.o. (entity certified to carry out audit)

The Annual Report comprises:

- An Opinion and Report of entity certified to carry out audit of financial statements on the annual audit of financial statement
- Representation of the Management Board on the reliability of drawing up the financial statement
- ✓ A Representation of the Management Board on the entity certified to carry out audit of financial statements
- ☑ A letter of the President of Management Board
- **☑** Annual financial statement

☑ Introduction Statement Of Changes In Shareholders' Equity

☑ Balance Sheet Cash Flow Statement

☑ Profit and Loss Account Notes to the Financial Statement

☑ Management Board's Report on Company Operations (Issuer's Operations Report)

☑ Statement on Corporate Governance Application

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS	′000 PLN		′000 EUR	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
I. Net sales of products, merchandise and materials	2 133 259	2 321 586	511 132	560 753
II. Operating profit (loss)	109 633	134 994	26 268	32 606
III. Profit (loss) before taxation	116 882	113 604	28 005	27 440
IV. Net profit (loss)	93 426	90 795	22 385	21 931
V. Operational cash flows, net	336 688	163 595	80 671	37 039
VI. Investment activity cash flows, net	-131 729	-98 240	-31 562	-22 242
VII. Financial activity cash flows, net	-78 615	-53 570	-18 836	-12 129
VIII. Total net cash flows	126 344	11 785	30 272	2 669
IX. Total assets	1 391 969	1 454 724	340 485	329 362
X. Liabilities and liabilities provisions	525 724	636 494	128 595	144 108
XI. Long-term liabilities	1 647	6 386	403	1 446
XII. Short-term liabilities	439 479	543 599	107 499	123 075
XIII. Shareholders' equity	866 245	818 230	211 889	185 254
XIV. Share capital	110 422	110 422	27 010	25 000
XV. Number of shares	13 802 750	13 802 750	13 802 750	13 802 750

XVI. Earnings (loss) per ordinary share (in	6.77	6.58	1.62	1.59
PLN/EUR)				
XVII. Diluted earnings (loss) per ordinary share (in	6.77	6.58	1.62	1.59
PLN/EUR)				
XVIII. Book value per share (in PLN/EUR)	62.76	59.28	15.35	13.42
XIX. Diluted book value per share (in PLN/EUR)	62.76	59.28	15.35	13.42

Firma Oponiarska Dębica S.A.

Independent Registered Auditor's Opinion
Financial statements
Directors' report
Registered auditor's report on the financial statements
as at and for the year ended 31 December 2012

Contents:

Independent Registered Auditor's Opinion

prepared by PricewaterhouseCoopers Sp. z o.o.

Financial statements

prepared by Firma Oponiarska Dębica S.A.

Directors' report

prepared by the Management Board of Firma Oponiarska Debica S.A.

Registered auditor's report on the financial statements prepared by PricewaterhouseCoopers Sp. z o.o.

TRANSLATORS' EXPLANATORY NOTE

The following document is a free translation of the registered auditor's opinion and report of the above-mentioned Polish Company. In Poland statutory accounts must be prepared and presented in accordance with the Polish legislation and in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally used in Poland. The accompanying translated report has not been reclassified or adjusted in any way to conform to accounting principles generally accepted in countries other than in Poland, but certain terminology current in Anglo-Saxon countries has been adopted to the extent practicable. In the event of any discrepancy in interpreting the terminology, the Polish version is binding.

Independent Registered Auditor's Opinion

To the General Shareholders' Meeting and the Supervisory Board of Firma Oponiarska Dębica S.A.

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Firma Oponiarska Dębica S.A. (hereinafter referred to as "the Company"), Dębica , ul. 1 Maja 1, which comprise an introduction to the financial statements, the balance sheet as at 31 December 2012, showing total assets and total liabilities & equity of PLN 1,391,969 thousand, the income statement for the financial year from 1 January to 31 December 2012, showing a net profit of PLN 93,426 thousand, the statement of changes in equity, the cash flow statement for that financial year, and additional notes and explanations.

The Company's Management Board is responsible for preparing financial statements and a Directors' Report in accordance with the applicable regulations, and for the correctness of the accounting records. The Management Board and members of the Supervisory Board are obliged to ensure that the financial statements and the Directors' Report comply with the requirements of the Accounting Act of 29 September 1994 ("the Accounting Act" – Journal of Laws of 2013, item 330).

Our responsibility was to perform an audit of the accompanying financial statements and to express an opinion on whether the financial statements comply in all material respects with the applicable accounting policies and whether they present, in all material respects, a true and clear view of the Company's financial position and results, and whether the accounting records constituting the basis for their preparation are properly maintained.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the following:

- a. the provisions of Chapter 7 of the Accounting Act;
- b. national auditing standards issued by the National Board of Registered Auditors.

Our audit was planned and performed to obtain reasonable assurance that the financial statements were free of material misstatements and omissions. The audit included examining, on a sample basis, accounting documents and entries supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The audit also included assessing the Company's accounting policies and significant estimates made during the preparation of the financial statements, as well as an evaluation of the overall presentation thereof. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Independent Registered Auditor's Opinion

To the General Shareholders' Meeting and the Supervisory Board of Firma Oponiarska Dębica S.A. (cont.)

In our opinion, and in all material respects, the accompanying financial statements:

- a. give a fair and clear view of the Company's financial position as at 31 December 2012 and of the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with the Polish accounting regulations as specified in the Polish Accounting Act;
- b. comply in terms of form and contents with the applicable laws, including the requirements of the Decree of the Minister of Finance of 19 February 2009 on current and periodical information submitted by issuers of securities and conditions for considering as equivalent the information required under the legislation of a non-Member State ("the Decree", Journal of Laws No. 33, item 259, as amended), and the Company's Memorandum of Association;
- c. have been prepared on the basis of properly maintained books of account, in accordance with the applicable accounting policies.

The information in the Directors' Report for the year ended 31 December 2012 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Decree and is consistent with the information presented in the audited financial statements.

Person conducting the audit on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers Sp. z o.o., Registered Audit Company No. 144:

Michał Mastalerz

Key Registered Auditor No. 90074

Kraków, 23 April 2013

Firma Oponiarska Dębica S.A.

Registered auditor's report on the audit of the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2012

TRANSLATORS' EXPLANATORY NOTE

The following document is a free translation of the registered auditor's opinion and report of the above-mentioned Polish Company. In Poland statutory accounts must be prepared and presented in accordance with the Polish legislation and in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally used in Poland. The accompanying translated report has not been reclassified or adjusted in any way to conform to accounting principles generally accepted in countries other than in Poland, but certain terminology current in Anglo-Saxon countries has been adopted to the extent practicable. In the event of any discrepancy in interpreting the terminology, the Polish version is binding.



Registered auditor's report on the financial statements as at and for year ended 31 December 2012

To the General Shareholders' Meeting and the Supervisory Board of Firma Oponiarska Dębica S.A.

This report contains 9 pages and consists of:

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I. General information about the Company

- a. Firma Oponiarska Dębica Spółka Akcyjna ("the Company") has its seat in Dębica, at ul. 1 Maja 1.
- b. The Company was formed on the basis of a Notarial Deed drawn up on 14 April 1991 at the Notary Public's Office of Paweł Błaszczak in Warsaw and registered with Rep. A No. 2078/91. On 19 September 2001, the Company was entered in the Register of Businesses maintained by the District Court in Rzeszów, the 12th Business Department of the National Court Register, with the reference number 0000045477.
- c. The Company was assigned a tax identification number (NIP) 872-00-03-404 for the purpose of making tax settlements and a REGON number 850004505 for statistical purposes.
- d. As at 31 December 2012, the Company's share capital amounted to PLN110,422,000 and consisted of 13,802,750 shares with a nominal value of PLN 8.00 each. The Company's equity amounted to PLN 866,245 thousand as at that date.
- e. As at 31 December 2012, the Company's shareholders were:

Shareholder	Number of shares held	Par value of shares held (in PLN)	Type of shares held	Voting rights %
Goodyear S.A.*	10,546,155	84,369,240	ordinary	76.41
Other	3,256,595	26,052,760	ordinary	23.59
	13,802,750	110,422,000		100.00

- (*) Including 1,429,115 shares (representing ca. 10.354% of the Company's share capital) held indirectly through shares in Portfel Alliance Silesia I Sp. z o.o.
- f. In the audited year, the Company's operations comprised:
 - manufacturing tyres, tubes and other rubber goods;
 - manufacturing equipment for the manufacture of tyres and other rubber goods;
 - wholesale and retail sale, including all forms of marketing the Company's own products;
 - selling and other forms of offering technologies, specifically those relating to tyres and other rubber goods, on the domestic and foreign markets, and providing related services.
- g. During the year, the Company's Management Board comprised:

Jacek Pryczek
 Chairman of the Management Board

Leszek Cichocki Board Member
 Stanisław Cieszkowski Board Member

Radosław Bółkowski
 Board Member since 5 March 2012;
 Waldemar Jarosz
 Board Member until 5 March 2012.

h. The Company's related entities are Goodyear S.A. (the parent company) and the companies which belong to The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company Group.



II. Information about the audit

- a. The financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2012 were audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers Sp. z o.o., Warsaw, Al. Armii Ludowej 14, registered audit company no. 144. The audit was conducted on behalf of the registered audit company under the supervision of the Key Registered Auditor Michał Mastalerz (no. 90074).
- b. PricewaterhouseCoopers Sp. z o.o. was appointed auditor to the Company by Resolution No. 7 of the Supervisory Board dated 14 June 2011, in accordance with paragraph 17 point 2.14 of the Company's Memorandum of Association.
- c. PricewaterhouseCoopers Sp. z o.o. and the key registered auditor conducting the audit are independent of the audited entity within the meaning of Art. 56, clauses 2-4 of the Act dated 7 May 2009 on registered auditors and their self-government, registered audit companies and on public supervision (Journal of Laws No. 77, item 649, as amended).
- d. The audit was conducted on the basis of the audit contract signed on 27 July 2011, in the following periods:

• interim audit from 23 July to 24 August 2012; and from 17 to 20 December 2012:

• final audit from 18 March to 23 April 2013.



III. The Company's results, financial position and significant financial statement components

BALANCE SHEET as at 31 December 2012 (selected items)

			Cha	nge	Stru	cture
	31.12.2012 PLN '000	31.12.2011 PLN '000	PLN '000	(%)	31.12.2012 (%)	31.12.2011 (%)
ASSETS						
Non-current assets	765,669	665,529	100,140	15.0	55.0	45.7
Current assets	626,300	789,195	(162,895)	(20.6)	45.0	54.3
Total assets	1,391,969	1,454,724	(62,755)	(4.3)	100.0	100.0
				•		
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY						
Equity	866,245	818,230	48,015	5.9	62.2	56.2
Liabilities and provisions for liabilities	525,724	636,494	(110,770)	(17.4)	37.8	43.8
Total liabilities and equity	1,391,969	1,454,724	(62,755)	(4.3)	100.0	100.0

INCOME STATEMENT for the year ended 31 December 2012 (selected items)

			Chan	ge	Structure		
	2012 PLN '000	2011 PLN '000	PLN '000	(%)	2012 (%)	2011 (%)	
Net sales of finished goods, goods for resale and materials	2,133,259	2,321,586	(188,327)	(8.1)	100.0	100.0	
Costs of finished goods, goods for resale and materials sold	(1,933,310)	(2,077,131)	143,821	(6.9)	(90.6)	(89.5)	
Gross profit on sales	199,949	244,455	(44,506)	(18.2)	9.4	10.5	
Net profit	93,426	90,795	2,631	2.9	4.4	3.9	



III. The Company's results, financial position and significant financial statement components (cont.)

Selected ratios characterizing the Company's financial position and results

The following ratios characterize the Company's activities, results of operations during the year and its financial position as at the balance sheet date compared with prior years:

	2012	2011	2010
Asset ratios			
- receivables turnover	61 days	$65\mathrm{days}$	67 days
- inventory turnover	38 days	45 days	46 days
Profitability ratios			
- net profit margin	4%	4%	5%
- gross margin	6%	6%	7%
- return on equity	11%	11%	11%
Liability ratios			
- gearing	38%	44%	44%
- payables turnover	67 days	70 days	71 days
	31.12.2012	31.12.2011	31.12.2010
Liquidity ratios			
- current ratio	1.4	1.5	1.4
- quick ratio	1.2	0.9	1.0
Other ratios			
- effective tax rate	20.1%	20.1%	19.8%

The above ratios have been calculated on the basis of the financial statements.

It was not the purpose of the audit to present the Company in the context of the results of operations and ratios achieved. A detailed interpretation of the ratios requires an in-depth analysis of the Company's operations and its circumstances.



III. The Company's results, financial position and significant financial statement components (cont.)

The financial statements do not take into account the effects of inflation. The consumer price index (from December to December) amounted to 2.4% in the audited year (4.6% in 2011).

The following comments are based on information obtained during the audit of the financial statements.

- In the current year, the Company's core operations consisted of manufacturing and selling tyres. In total, sales amounted to PLN 2,133,259 thousand and dropped by 8.1% compared with the prior year. The share of exports in total sales amounted to 88.8% and increased by 12.9 percentage points compared with the prior year, mainly due to a change in the Company's business model. In accordance with the business model introduced starting from the beginning of 2012, the inventories of finished goods (other than "Dębica" brand goods) are sold immediately after their production has been completed to a related company Goodyear Dunlop Tires Operations, Luxembourg. The decrease in sales compared with the prior year was due to a lower volume of sales reflecting a decrease in demand, mainly in the Western European markets.
- The cost of materials and energy used, which amounted to PLN 1,310,597 thousand in the audited financial period, was the largest component of operating expenses (71.6% of the balance). Compared with the prior year, costs of materials and energy used decreased by PLN 263,658 thousand, i.e. by 16.7%, mainly due to a lower volume of production compared with the prior year.
- As at the end of the financial year, the Company's total assets amounted to PLN 1,391,969 thousand. Total assets decreased by PLN 62,755 thousand, i.e. by 4.3%, during the year. On the assets side, the most significant changes related to inventories (a decrease of PLN 168,531 thousand, i.e. by 58.9%), cash and cash equivalents (an increase of PLN 125,905 thousand, i.e. by 215.5%), short-term receivables (a decrease of PLN 120,398 thousand, i.e. by 27.1%) and in tangible fixed assets (an increase of PLN 106,681 thousand, i.e. by 16.4%). The decrease in inventories and short-term receivables and increase in cash and cash equivalents was mainly due to the change in the business model referred to above. The increase in tangible fixed assets was due to capital expenditure projects implemented and was partly offset by the depreciation charged for the current year.
- On the liabilities and equity side, the largest changes related to short-term liabilities (a decrease of PLN 104,120 thousand, i.e. by 19.2%) and equity (an increase of PLN 48,015 thousand, i.e. by 5.9%). The change in short-term liabilities was mainly due to a decreased production level compared with the prior year. In the audited financial year, the Company paid a dividend of PLN 45,411 thousand and recorded a net profit of PLN 93,426 thousand.
- The Company's liability ratios and structure of its liabilities changed. The gearing ratio decreased from 44% as at the end of the prior year to 38% as at the end of the current year. The average payables turnover shortened accordingly from 70 days to 67 days. This was mainly due to the change in the Company's business model in accordance with which the inventories of finished goods (other than "Dębica" brand goods) are sold to the related company Goodyear Dunlop Tires Operations, Luxembourg, immediately upon completion of the production of these goods.

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.



IV. The independent registered auditor's statement

- a. The Management Board of the Company provided all the information, explanations, and representations required by us in the course of the audit and provided us with a representation letter confirming the completeness of the information included in the accounting records and the disclosure of all contingent liabilities and post balance-sheet events which occurred up to the date on which that letter was signed.
- b. The scope of the audit was not limited.
- c. The Company has up-to-date documentation of its accounting policies, approved by the Management Board. The Company's accounting policies were tailored to its needs and ensured the recognition of all events having a material effect on the assessment of its financial position and results, taking into consideration the prudence principle. There were no significant changes in the accounting policies compared with the previous year.
- d. The closing balances as at the end of the previous year were correctly brought forward as the opening balances of the current financial year in all material respects.
- e. The counts of assets and liabilities were carried out and reconciled in accordance with the Accounting Act, and the results were included in the books of account for the audited year.
- f. The Company's financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2011 were approved by Resolution No. 3 passed by the General Shareholders' Meeting on 4 June 2012, filed with the National Court Register in Poznań on 20 June 2012 and published in *Monitor Polski B* No. 3513 on 28 December 2012.
- g. In accordance with Resolution No. 6 of the General Shareholders' Meeting dated 4 June 2012, the net profit for the prior year of PLN 90,795 thousand was appropriated as follows:
 - PLN 45,411 thousand was paid out as dividend;
 - PLN 45,384 thousand was transferred to other reserves.
- h. The financial statements for the prior year were audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers Sp. z o.o. The registered auditor issued an unqualified opinion.
- i. We have assessed the operation of the accounting system. Our assessment covered in particular:
 - the accuracy of the documentation relating to business transactions;
 - the fairness, accuracy and verifiability of the books of account, including computerized books of account;
 - the methods used for controlling access to data and the computerized data processing systems;
 - the safeguarding of the accounting documentation, books of accounts, and financial statements.

This assessment, together with our verification of individual items of the financial statements, provides the basis for expressing a general and comprehensive opinion on these financial statements. The audit was not intended to provide a comprehensive opinion on the operations of the said system.



IV. The independent registered auditor's statement (cont.)

- j. The introduction and additional notes and explanations present all the significant information specified in the Decree of the Minister of Finance of 18 October 2005 on the scope of disclosures in financial statements and consolidated financial statements, required in a prospectus for issuers having their registered office in the Republic of Poland to whom the Polish accounting principles apply (Journal of Laws No. 209, item 1743, as amended).
- k. Information contained in the Directors' Report for the year ended 31 December 2012 take into account the provisions of the Decree of the Minister of Finance of 19 February 2009 on current and periodical information submitted by issuers of securities and conditions for considering as equivalent the information required under the legislation of a non-Member State ("Decree", Journal of Laws No. 33, item 259) and is consistent with the information in the audited financial statements.



V. Final information

This report has been prepared in connection with our audit of the financial statements of Firma Oponiarska Dębica S.A., Dębica, ul. 1 Maja 1. The financial statements were signed by the Company's Management Board and the person responsible for maintaining the accounting records on 23 April 2013.

This report should be read in conjunction with the Independent Registered Auditor's Opinion to the General Shareholders' Meeting and the Supervisory Board of Firma Oponiarska Dębica S.A., dated 23 April 2013, concerning the said financial statements. The opinion on the financial statements expresses a general conclusion drawn from the audit and involves assessing the materiality of individual audit findings rather than being a sum of all the evaluations of individual financial statement components. This assessment takes account of the impact of the facts noted on the truth and fairness of the financial statements as a whole.

Person conducting the audit on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers Sp. z o.o., Registered Audit Company no. 144:

Michał Mastalerz

Key Registered Auditor No. 90074

Kraków, 23 April 2013



REPRESENTATION OF THE MANAGEMENT BOARD ON THE RELIABILITY OF DRAWING UP THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

The Management Board represents that according to its best knowledge, the annual financial statement and comparable data was drawn up in compliance with effective accounting principles and that it reflects in a genuine, reliable and clear manner the property and financial standing of the Company and its financial performance and that the Management Board Activity Report presents a genuine picture of development, achievements and position of the Company including the description of basic risks and threats.

File	Description

A REPRESENTATION OF THE MANAGEMENT BOARD ON THE ENTITY CERTIFIED TO CARRY OUT AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Management Board represents that the entity certified to carry out audit of financial statements, reviewing the annual financial statement was appointed in compliance with effective law and that the entity and auditors performing the review met the requirements for issuing an impartial and independent opinion and review report in compliance with domestic legislation.

A LETTER FROM THE PRESIDENT OF MANAGEMENT BOARD

Dear Sirs,

I am really pleased to advise you that in 2012 Tire Company Debica S.A. generated a net profit totaling PLN 93.4 million, which was up by PLN 2.6 million compared to that in 2011. This is a good result, since it was attained by the Company in disadvantageous economic environment, both at macroeconomic and industry levels. Last year both automotive and tire businesses recorded slumps in demand for new products and unfortunately this trend has prevailed in the overall Europe and in Poland since then.

Such handsome financial performance in 2012 in such disadvantageous economic environment was possible due to cutting overheads, adding new tire dimensions to the product portfolio and also due to our products' price hikes.

Thanks to well-thought-out activities we successfully survived hard times and strengthened Company's overall financial position. In parallel we ran development projects.

The Company followed up its investment projects in the Euro-Park Mielec Special Economic Zone concerned with the adaptation of the manufacturing processes to produce HP and UHP consumer tires, which fall into the most profitable segment of tire market. Already in 2012 Tire Company Debica S.A. launched the production of 17" tires and tires with the highest speed indices i.e. W (270 km/h) and Y (300 km/h). Total capital expenditures in the 2011–2013 period will hover around PLN 205 million.

In relation to the EU tire labeling requirement that came into force in November 2012 the Company has been investing into the harmonization of its products with that requirement set forth in the Regulation (EC) No. 1222/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council.

The Company's leading position in the Polish market was appreciated many times. Tire Company Debica S.A. was ranked amongst listed companies that are the best performers in terms of reporting ESG data, developed by the Polish Association of Listed Companies. It implies that the Company is the most transparent in terms of disclosure of non-financial data on environmental protection, corporate social responsibility (CSR) and corporate governance. Tire Company Debica S.A. was granted a prestigious "Human Capital Investor Emblem", which is awarded to the companies that run human resources policy at the highest level. Meanwhile in the elite ranking of "Top 100 Most Valuable Businesses", prepared by the American "Newsweek" weekly and an international consulting firm A.T. Kearney, the Company came on third place in the category of automotive companies. Meanwhile Mariusz Solarz, the Director of Legal Department of Tire Company Debica S.A. was awarded a title of the Best Corporate Lawyer 2011 in the ranking organized by the "Rzeczpospolita" daily.

Being an active CSR company in 2012 the Company was actively involved in the social life of local community in the City of Debica and in the Subcarpathian region, supporting initiatives in the fields of culture, science and charitable activities. Especially two events have to be emphasized – a scientific exhibition, organized in the City of Debica by the Company acting jointly with the Jagiellonian University from Cracow, to bring closer

knowledge from the fields of physics and mathematics to the children and the youth, and also new Music Festival called GOODFEST, organized in the City of Debica by the Company jointly with Goodyear Dunlop Tires Polska Sp. z o.o. The Festival is a new cyclical event on the cultural map of Poland, which became a focal point for ambitious pop with electronic music, and folk with alternative music. The first Festival edition was highly successful.

Despite disadvantageous economic environment the Company closes the year 2012 with good results thanks to, among others, high commitment and efforts of Company's employees and associates. I would also like to thank our employees and shareholders for the trust they showed and to express appreciation to the Supervisory Board members for their strategic support in the attainment of major goals and execution of projects. I am convinced that our collaboration will be equally successful in 2013 to the benefit of all stakeholders of Tire Company Debica S.A.

Yours truly,

Jacek Pryczek
The President of Management Board
of Tire Company Debica S.A.

File	Description

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT

INTRODUCTION TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

I. Legal status and basic scope of activities according to Polish Classification of Activities

TIRE COMPANY DĘBICA S.A.; ul. 1 Maja 1, 39-200 Debica; REGON Statistical No. 850004505; Tax ID (NIP) PL 8720003404; No. in National Court Register: KRS 0000045477, District Court in Rzeszów, 12th Commercial Division of the National Court Register, share capital PLN 110 422 000 (brought up fully).

Tire Company Debica Spółka Akcyjna (previous name "Stomil" Debica S.A.) was established pursuant to the transformation of a state enterprise of "Stomil" Car Tire Works in Debica.

By virtue of a decision of the District Court in Tarnów, 5th Commercial Division, dated April 26, 1991,"Stomil" Debica S.A. was entered into a commercial register with No. RHB-302, and in 2001 it was re-entered into the National Court Register, kept by the District Court in Rzeszów, 12th Commercial Division of the National Court Register with No. 0000045477.

On November 12, 1993 the General Meeting of Shareholders of "Stomil" Debica S.A. decided to change Company name into Tire Company "Debica" S.A. The Company may use its abbreviated name T.C. Debica S.A. that came into force on November 22, 1993, following a decision of the District Court in Tarnów about an entry into commercial register of the name change.

The Company belongs to the capital group of GOODYEAR, whereas an entity holding 76.406% shareholding in the shareholders' equity is Goodyear Luxembourg S.A. with its registered office in Luxembourg.

According to the Warsaw Stock Exchange the Company is classified in the "automotive industry" category (following quotation on September 19, 2008).

Legal status – joint stock company, ownership form – mixed ownership with predominance of private sector.

A major scope of Company activities is the production of tires for means of transport – activity type according to the Polish Classification of Activities (Classification) is 25.11.Z. (according to the Classification of 2004, and 22.11.Z* according to the Classification of 2007).

The Company is neither a controlling entity, nor a significant investor.

The Company does not draw up consolidated financial statements.

Pursuant to the Company's Statute its duration is unlimited.

II. Reporting principles and information about Company authorities

- 1. The Financial Statement was drawn up for 2012 covering period from 1 January 2012 to 31 December 2012 and comparable financial data for 2011 covering period from 1 January 2011 to 31 December 2011.
- 2. The Financial Statement was drafted based on the assumption that the Company is a going concern and will continue to be one for the foreseeable future. No circumstances exist that would threaten the continuity of business.
- 3. Financial Statement has been prepared in accordance with the Accounting Act of September 29, 1994 (Journal of Laws of 2009 No. 152, item 1223, as amended) and pursuant to the Decree of the Council of Ministers of February 19, 2009 on current and periodic information provided by the issuers of securities (Journal of Laws No. 33, item 259) and the Ordinance of the Minister of Finance on Detailed Rules for Recognition, Pricing Techniques, Degree of Disclosure and Presentation Manner of Financial Instruments of December 12, 2001 (Journal of Laws No. 149, item 1674, as amended).

The Introduction and the Notes represent an integral part of the Financial Statement.

4. Company authorities:

Management Board

Jacek Pryczek – President of the Management Board Leszek Cichocki – Management Board Member Stanisław Cieszkowski – Management Board Member Radosław Bółkowski – Management Board Member

Supervisory Board

Michel Rzonzef - Chairman of the Supervisory Board

Philippe Degeer - Deputy Chairman of the Supervisory Board

Maciej Mataczyński – Secretary of the Supervisory Board

Ronald Archer - Supervisory Board Member

Dominikus Golsong – Supervisory Board Member

Raimondo Eggink – Supervisory Board Member (until December 20, 2012)

Przemysław Cieszyński – Supervisory Board Member (until December 20, 2012)

Karl Blocklehurst – Supervisory Board Member (from January 7, 2013)

Łukasz Rędziniak – Supervisory Board Member (from January 7, 2013)

Renata Hadała – Supervisory Board Member

III. Accounting principles

1. Intangible assets

Intangible assets are priced at the prices of acquisition or costs of manufacturing less amortization (depreciation) allowances.

The following periods for making amortization allowances were assumed:

- computer software 2-10 years
- costs of development efforts 3 years
- other 5 years

2. Fixed assets and depreciation

Fixed assets include tangible fixed assets and equivalents suitable for economic use with an expected economic life longer than one year, complete and suitable for use and earmarked for Company purposes.

Fixed assets entered into the balance sheet also include assets commissioned for use under the contract which fulfill at least one of the criteria defined in Art. 3, par. 4 of the Act.

Tangible fixed assets are carried at acquisition cost, manufacturing cost, improvement cost or refurbishment cost. Tangible fixed assets are depreciated on a straight line basis during their expected economic life. The following depreciation periods were adopted:

- buildings and structures 25-40 years
- technical equipment and machinery 5-20 years
- means of transport 5-15 years.

Tangible fixed assets commissioned for use under the contract fulfilling, at least, one of the criteria defined in Art. 3, par. 4 of the Act are depreciated taking into consideration the length of contract.

For accounting purposes, newly acquired fixed assets with a value below USD 5000 are depreciated by the Company on a one-off basis, whereas for tax purposes that value is PLN 3500.

3. Fixed assets under construction

Fixed assets under construction are priced at acquisition or manufacturing costs including the total costs related to a given fixed asset under construction incurred from the start date of construction until balance date or commissioning date of the asset.

The value of fixed assets under construction is increased by: non-deductible VAT tax, excise tax and cost of servicing debt incurred to finance such assets along with related foreign exchange losses, less foreign exchange gains.

4. Long-term investments

Interests in other entities and long-term securities are carried at their prices of acquisition, less allowances for partial, permanent loss of value.

5. Inventory

The inventory of tangible current assets are priced as follows:

- a) the inventory of raw materials and goods are carried at acquisition prices,
- b) intermediate products and works in progress are carried at the direct planned manufacturing cost in core manufacturing activity and at actual manufacturing cost in auxiliary production, proportionally to the work progress rate,
- c) finished goods are carried at average manufacturing costs including direct costs of a certain product and reasonable portion of costs related directly to the manufacturing of said product.

The manufacturing costs of a product exclude costs incurred as a result of non-utilized production capacity. They have impact on the financial result of the accounting period in which they were incurred. If an unscheduled stoppage has occurred, the Company determines the production capacity utilization rate based on a comparison of average quarterly output expressed in tons with the output expressed in tons assumed in the annual plan for the quarter in which unscheduled stoppage has occurred. If the difference between actual and planned output is higher than 15%, then indirect manufacturing costs born in the quarter in which unscheduled stoppage has occurred are treated as product manufacturing costs up to the level equaling these costs multiplied by the average quarterly absorption rate of indirect costs. The absorption rate in turn is calculated as the quotient of indirect manufacturing costs assumed in the annual plan and planned output for this period expressed in tons.

Finished goods are posted into books at planned costs at their manufacturing date. At balance date, the value of finished goods is adjusted to the level of actual manufacturing costs, taking into consideration differences between actual and planned manufacturing costs.

The Company makes revaluation of obsolete or difficult to market inventories following a thorough analysis of inventories.

All inventories whose net selling price fell below their purchasing price or cost of production, or that have been recognized as obsolete or they partially lost their original utility, have been identified and their balance sheet values have been reduced to the net selling prices.

6. Receivables and liabilities

Receivables and liabilities (except for financial liabilities) are priced at the due amount following the prudent pricing principle.

7. Short-term investments

Tradable financial assets including the received bills of exchange with a maturity above 3 months and income from revaluation of short-term embedded derivatives – they are priced at fair value. If there is no opportunity for reliable assessment of fair value and the assets have a set maturity date, then they are priced at the level of depreciated cost using effective interest rate; and if the assets do not have a set maturity date, they are priced at acquisition prices.

The effects of periodic pricing of financial assets are posted respectively into financial income or expenses of the accounting period in which revaluation was made.

8. Cash assets

Cash assets include assets in the form of domestic currency, foreign exchange and foreign currencies. Cash assets also include accrued interest on financial assets and received bills of exchange with maturity below 3 months.

Financial assets payable or due and payable within 3 months from the date of their receipt, issue, purchase or opening (deposits) are classified as cash assets for the purposes of Cash Flow Statement.

9. Foreign currency transactions

Foreign exchange transactions are settled at the average exchange rate set for a certain currency by the National Bank of Poland in effect on the transaction date, unless another exchange rate was set in a customs declaration.

At the date of the balance, the assets and liabilities expressed in foreign currencies are prices at the average exchange rate set for a given currency by the National Bank of Poland for that date.

Foreign exchange gains and losses concerning assets and liabilities expressed in foreign currencies, at the pricing date and at the payment of receivables and liabilities in foreign currencies, are posted as financial income or costs accordingly, and in justified cases into fixed assets under construction or intangible assets.

10. Jubilee awards, retirement gratuities and pensions, non-utilized holiday leave

Accruals related to long-term employee benefits such as: jubilee awards, retirement gratuities/pension and death benefits, are established based on actuarial computations made once at the year-end.

The establishment of accruals for non-utilized leaves is charged into the costs of the period the leaves refer to.

11. Deferred income tax assets and provision

Due to transient differences regarding the moment of income or of costs incurred, the Company establishes provisions and determines deferred income tax assets pursuant to the Accounting Act and tax regulations.

In the balance sheet, the Company records a deferred income tax provision equal to the income tax amount payable in the future in relation to the occurrence of positive transient differences and deferred income tax assets equal to the amount of income tax deductible in the future in relation to the occurrence of negative transient differences.

12. Warranty repairs

The Company posts cost accruals in relation to the warranties issued for tires, using as a basis the value of the warranty claim calculated under the warranty terms and conditions in effect for certain product categories.

13. Shareholders' equity

The initial capital amount is recorded as provided for in the Company Statutes in compliance with the commercial register.

Revaluation capital is a result of revaluation of fixed assets.

Surplus capital is made up of the issue of shares above their nominal value and from statutory profit distribution as prescribed and above the prescribed level.

Reserve capital includes reserve capital to cover contingent losses and is made up of profit distribution with the option of dividend payment to the shareholders.

14. Prepayments and accruals

The Company posts prepaid and accrued expenses in order to assign to a given period's expenses that were incurred within that period. The prepayments include invoiced and/or incurred expenses referring to future periods. Meanwhile, accrued expenses include expenses connected with the current accounting period posted as the value of probable liabilities.

15. Sales revenues

Sales are posted on the grounds of invoices issued throughout a year less VAT tax. The sale is recognized at the moment of delivery of the product, merchandise or raw materials.

From the sales revenues presented in the Profit and Loss Account discounts and concessions treated on equal footing with discounts are deducted.

16. Costs and measurement of financial result

Operating costs include costs connected directly with the core activity of the Company. Expenses are recognized on accrual basis in order to secure commensurability of income and expenses.

Other operating revenues and costs include income and costs that are not connected directly with the core activity of the Company.

Other operating income includes proceeds from the disposal of non-financial fixed assets, equivalent of dissolved provisions and revaluation asset allowances, expired or redeemed liabilities, donations received, subventions, additional payment, compensations and gift income.

Other operating costs include loss on the sale of non-financial fixed assets, revaluation of tangible fixed assets and inventories, write-offs revaluating receivables, compensations, paid penalties, donations made, penalty interest on taxes, social insurance and customs duties.

Financial income includes interest income or interest due on extended credits and loans, income from securities trade and foreign exchange gains.

Financial costs include interest paid and accrued on granted credits and loans, losses related to securities trade, foreign exchange losses, entries revaluating financial assets and short-term securities.

Extraordinary gains and losses reflect financial impact of events not connected with standard business activities of the Company including in particular unique, extraordinary events and abandonment or suspension of operational activities.

Company's financial result in a given accounting year includes all generated revenues and costs related to said revenues, pursuant to the principles presented hereinabove, other operating income and expenses, result of prudence-based pricing of assets and liabilities, net financial and extraordinary item income and taxation.

Corporate income tax, shown in the Profit and Loss Account, is calculated in adherence to Polish law, taking into account income generated in the territory of Poland and abroad, tax non-deductible costs, non-taxable income.

IV. Basic financial data and average PLN exchange rates

Balance Sheet ('000)

	31.12.2	2012	31.12.2011		
	PLN	EUR	PLN	EUR	
Fixed assets	765 669	187 288	665 529	150 681	
Current assets	626 300	153 197	789 195	178 681	
Total assets	1 391 969	340 485	1 454 724	329 362	
Equity	866 245	211 889	818 230	185 254	
Liabilities & provisions for	525 724	128 595	636 494	144 108	
liabilities					
Total liabilities	1 391 969	340 484	1 454 724	329 362	

Profit and Loss Account ('000)

	20	12	20.	11
	PLN	EUR	PLN	EUR
Net sales of products, merchandise	2 133 259	511 132	2 321 586	560 753
and raw materials				
Cost of products, merchandise and	1 933 310	463 224	2 077 131	501 707
raw materials sold				
Gross profit (loss) on sales	199 949	47 908	244 455	59 046
Selling expenses	26 771	6 414	35 377	8 545
General administrative expenses	51 396	12 315	71 204	17 199
Profit (loss) on sales	121 782	29 179	137 874	33 302
Other operating income	633	152	1 190	287
Other operating expenses	12 782	3 063	4 070	983
Operating profit (loss)	109 633	26 268	134 994	32 606
Financial income	13 123	3 144	364	88
Financial expenses	5 874	1 407	21 754	5 254
Profit (loss) on ordinary activities	116 882	28 005	113 604	27 440
Profit (loss) before taxation	116 882	28 005	113 604	27 440
Income tax	23 456	5 620	22 809	5 509
Net profit (loss)	93 426	22 385	90 795	21 931

Cash Flow Statement ('000)

	2012		20)11
	PLN	EUR	PLN	EUR
Net operational cash flows	336 688	80 671	163 595	37 039
Net investment activity cash flows	-131 729	-31 562	-98 240	-22 242
Net financial activity cash flows	-78 615	-18 836	-53 570	-12 129
Total net cash flows	126 344	30 272	11 785	2 668

Average EUR/PLN exchange rates in the period covered by the Financial Statement and comparable financial data, set by the National Bank of Poland:

- exchange rate prevailing on:

December 31, 2012 1 EUR = PLN 4.0882 December 31, 2011 1 EUR = PLN 4.4168

- average exchange rate, calculated as the mean arithmetic value of exchange rates prevailing on the last day of each month:

in 2012: 1 EUR = PLN 4.1736 in 2011: 1 EUR = PLN 4.1401

- the highest and lowest exchange rate in the accounting period:

in 2012: the highest rate 1 EUR = PLN 4.5135 and the lowest rate 1 EUR = PLN 4.0465

in 2011: the highest rate 1 EUR = PLN 4.5642

and the lowest rate 1 EUR = PLN 3.8403

The items in Profit and Loss Account for 2012 were converted into EUR using the mean annual EUR/PLN exchange rate, which was PLN 4.1736.

V. The areas of material discrepancies of the adopted accounting principles and methods and show data between the Financial Statement drawn up using Polish accounting principles and the financial statement that was drawn up using International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

T.C. Debica S.A. draws up financial statement in accordance with US GAAP for the strategic investor The Goodyear Tires and Rubber Company for the purposes of drawing up a consolidated financial statement.

Therefore, reliable pinpointing of discrepancies in the values of shown data between the Financial Statement drawn up using Polish accounting principles and the Financial Statement that would be drawn up using International Accounting Standards (IAS) is not possible.

Below are attached tables with explanation of the differences in the values of the disclosed equity and net financial result, between the Financial Statement and comparable financial data drawn up in accordance with Polish accounting principles vs. financial statements and comparable financial data drawn up in accordance with the principles of the Goodyear Group based on US GAAP.

('000 PLN) Shareholders' equity according to Polish accounting principles	31.12.2012 866 245	31.12.2011 818 230
Discrepancy due to different exchange rates used for pricing of receiv		010 230
liabilities and cash assets	-41	-1682
Discrepancy stemming from different classification of lease contracts	207	213
Adjustment of differences in gross value of fixed assets	-13 701	-13 519
Adjustment of depreciation for fixed assets with different gross values Transient difference being a result of the moment of		5 889
current cost recognition	1 615	13 276
Difference stemming from different calculation of provisions		21
for extended guarantees	62	31
Capitalization of interest on the average debt level in compliance with Goodyear Group principles	12 434	9 639
with Goodyear Group principles	12 434	9 039
Capitalization of realized foreign exchange gains/losses on		
investment projects	-	1 198
Adjustment of accelerated depreciation of intangible assets		7 00
under "SAP Project"	-	-580
Shareholders' equity according to Goodyear Group's principles	872 591	831 497
	2012	2011
('000 PLN)	02.424	00 =0=
Net profit according to Polish accounting principles	93 426	90 795
Transient difference being a result of the moment of	11 661	18 038
current cost recognition Discrepancy due to different exchange rates used for pricing of	-11 661	18 038
receivables, liabilities and cash assets	4	-1 821
Discrepancy stemming from different classification of lease contracts	-6	10
Adjustment of differences in gross value of fixed assets	-182	-65
Adjustment of depreciation for fixed assets with different gross values		758
Difference stemming from different calculation of provisions	, 10,,	,,,,
for extended guarantees	31	40
Capitalization of interest on the average debt level		
in compliance with Goodyear Group principles	2 795	-25
Capitalization of realized foreign exchange gains/losses		
on investment projects	439	-
Adjustment of accelerated depreciation of intangible assets		
under "SAP Project"	-580	-580
Net profit according to Goodyear Group principles	86 505	107 150

File	Description

BALANCE SHEET '000 PLN

BALANCE SHEET	NOTE	2012	2011
ASSETS	NOIE	2012	2011
I. Fixed assets		765 669	665 529
1. Intangible assets	1	76	747
2. Tangible fixed assets	2	755 675	648 994
3. Long-term investments	3	144	144
3.1. Long-term financial assets		144	144
a) in other entities		144	144
4. Long-term deferred assets	4	9 774	15 644
4.1. Deferred income tax assets		9 774	15 644
II. Current assets		626 300	789 195
1. Inventories	5	117 687	286 218
2. Short-term receivables	6 7	323 388	443 786
2.1. From related entities	0 ,	281 842	383 741
2.2. From other entities		41 546	60 045
3. Short-term investments		184 772	58 666
3.1. Short-term financial assets	8	184 772	58 666
a) in other entities		445	244
b) cash and cash equivalents		184 327	58 422
4. Short-term deferred assets	9	453	525
Total assets		1 391 969	1 454 724
LIABILITIES		1 371 707	1 +3+ 72+
I. Shareholders' equity		866 245	818 230
1. Share capital	11	110 422	110 422
2. Reserve capital	12	320 041	319 618
3. Revaluation capital	13	72 517	72 940
4. Other reserve capital	14	269 839	224 455
5. Net profit (loss)	14	93 426	90 795
II. Liabilities and liability provisions		525 724	636 494
1. Liability provisions	15	84 598	86 507
1.1. Provision for deferred income tax	13	56 492	54 250
1.2. Provision for pension benefits and equivalents		27 878	32 146
a) long-term		6 894	8 189
b) short-term		20 984	23 957
1.3. Other provisions		228	111
a) long-term		124	111
b) short-term		104	0
2. Long-term liabilities	16	1 647	6 386
2.1. To other entities	10	1 647	6 386
3. Short-term liabilities	17	439 479	543 599
3.1. To related entities	17	98 036	128 745
3.2. To other entities		340 052	414 208
3.3. Special funds		1 391	646
4. Accrued liabilities	18	0	2
4.1. Other accrued liabilities	10	0	2
a) long-term liabilities		0	0
b) short-term liabilities		0	2
Total liabilities		1 391 969	1 454 724
1 year navinues		1 371 707	1 734 124
Book value		866 245	818 230
Number of shares (pcs.)		13 802 750	13 802 750
Book value per share (in PLN)	19	62.76	59.28
Diluted number of shares (pcs.)	19	13 802 750	
	19		13 802 750
Diluted book value per share (in PLN)	19	62.76	59.28

	866 245	818 230
	13 802 750	13 802 750
19	62.76	59.28
	13 802 750	13 802 750
19	62.76	59.28
		13 802 750 19 62.76 13 802 750

OFF-BALANCE ITEMS

|--|

	2012	2011
1. Other including:	18 420	65 920

- off-balance liabilities under a real estate long-term lease agreement	0	44 653
- off-balance liabilities under a long-term gas supply agreement	12 920	15 004
- off-balance liabilities under a real estate long-term lease agreement	5 500	6 263
Total off-balance liabilities	18 420	65 920

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FROFII AND LOSS ACCOUNT		000 F1	71.4
	NOTE	2012	2011
I. Net sales of products merchandise and materials including:		2 133 259	2 321 586
- from related entities		1 897 783	2 094 137
1. Net sales of products	20	2 071 255	2 274 436
2. Net sales of merchandise and materials	21	62 004	47 150
II. Cost of products merchandise and materials sold including:		1 933 310	2 077 131
- to related entities		1 746 696	1 898 615
1. Cost of products sold	22	1 876 984	2 031 236
2. Cost of merchandise and materials sold		56 326	45 895
III. Gross profit (loss) on sales		199 949	244 455
IV. Selling expenses	22	26 771	35 377
V. General administrative expenses	22	51 396	71 204
VI. Profit (loss) on sales		121 782	137 874
VII. Other operating income		633	1 190
1. Gain from disposal of non-financial fixed assets		153	635
2. Other operating income	23	480	555
VIII. Other operating expenses		12 782	4 070
1. Revaluation of non-financial fixed assets		855	2 400
2. Other operating costs	24	11 927	1 670
IX. Operating profit (loss)		109 633	134 994
X. Financial income	25	13 123	364
1. Dividends and participation in profits		0	9
2. Interest receivable		4 667	340
3. Other		8 456	15
XI. Financial expenses	26	5 874	21 754
1. Interest payable		5 874	6 518
2. Other			15 236
XII. Profit (loss) on ordinary activities		116 882	113 604
XIII. Profit (loss) before taxation		116 882	113 604
XIV. Income tax	27	23 456	22 809
a) current portion		15 344	20 458
b) deferred portion		8 112	2 351
XV. Net profit (loss)		93 426	90 795
	ı	<u> </u>	
Net profit (loss) (annualized)		93 426	90 795
Weighted average number of the ordinary shares (pcs.)		13 802 750	13 802 750
TE 1 (1) 11 1 (1 PY Y Y			- TO

Net profit (loss) (annualized)	93 426	90 795
Weighted average number of the ordinary shares (pcs.)	13 802 750	13 802 750
Earnings (loss) per ordinary share (in PLN) 29	6.77	6.58
Weighted average diluted number of the ordinary shares (pcs.)	13 802 750	13 802 750
Diluted earnings (loss) per ordinary share (in PLN) 29	6.77	6.58

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

	'000') PLN
	2012	2011
I. Opening balance of shareholders' equity	818 230	768 292
I.a. Opening balance of shareholders' equity after restatement to	818 230	768 292
comparative data		
1. Opening balance of share capital	110 422	110 422
1.1. Closing balance of share capital	110 422	110 422
2. Opening balance of reserve capital	319 618	318 893
2.1. Changes in reserve capital	423	725
a) additions (of which)	423	725
- allocation from the reserve capital of amounts of revaluated liquidated fixed	423	725
assets – current periods		
2.2. Closing balance of reserve capital	320 041	319 618

3. Opening balance of revaluation capital	72 940	73 665
3.1. Changes in revaluation capital	-423	-725
a) reductions (of which):	423	725
- allocation to the reserve capital of amounts of revaluated liquidated fixed	423	725
assets - current period		
3.2. Closing balance of revaluation capital	72 517	72 940
4. Opening balance of other reserve capital	224 455	183 626
4.1. Changes in other reserve capital	45 384	40 829
a) additions (of which)	45 384	40 829
- allocation to reserve capital from the profit distributed for the year 2010	0	40 829
with an option of dividend payment to the shareholders		
- allocation to reserve capital from the profit distributed for the year 2011	45 384	
with an option of dividend payment to the shareholders		
4.2. Closing balance of other reserve capital	269 839	224 455
5. Opening balance of retained earnings	90 795	81 686
5.1. Opening balance of retained earnings	90 795	81 686
5.2. Opening balance of retained earnings after the restatement to comparative	90 795	81 686
data		
a) reductions (of which):	90 795	81 686
- dividend for shareholders	45 411	40 857
- allocation to reserve capital from the profit distributed for the year 2010		40 829
with an option of dividend payment to the shareholders		
- allocation to reserve capital from the profit distributed for the year 2011	45 384	
with an option of dividend payment to the shareholders		
5.3. Closing balance of retained earnings	0	0
5.4. Closing balance of retained earnings/losses	0	0
6. Net profit (loss)	93 426	90 795
a) net profit	93 426	90 795
II. Closing balance of shareholders' equity	866 245	818 230
III. Shareholders' equity adjusted by the proposed distribution of profit	866 245	818 230
(loss coverage)		

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

'000 PLN

	2012	2011
A. Operational cash flows		
I. Net profit (loss)	93 426	90 795
II. Total adjustments	243 262	72 800
1. Depreciation and amortization	70 577	69 269
2. Foreign exchange gains/losses	439	-284
3. Interest and dividends	995	3 623
4. Investment activity gain (loss)	823	-583
5. Change in provisions	-1 910	2 765
6. Change in inventories	168 531	-54 647
7. Change in receivables	119 954	16 745
8. Change in current liabilities (excluding loans and credits)	-117 098	30 286
9. Change in deferred and accrued expenses	5 939	-1 076
10. Other adjustments	-4 988	6 702
III. Net operational cash flows (I+/-II) – indirect method	336 688	163 595
B. Investment activity cash flows		
I. Cash inflows	42	1 181
1. Disposal of intangible assets and tangible fixed assets	42	1 062
2. From financial assets of which:	0	119
a) In other entities	0	119
- interest received	0	119
- other inflows from financial assets	0	0
II. Cash outflows	131 771	99 421
1. Acquisition of intangible assets and tangible fixed assets	131 771	99 421
2. On financial assets of which:	0	0
a) in related entities	0	0
b) in other entities	0	0

III. Net investment activity cash flows (I-II)	-131 729	-98 240
C. Financial activity cash flows		
I. Cash inflows	0	0
1. Other inflows	0	0
II. Cash outflows	78 615	53 570
1. Dividends and other payments to the owners	45 411	40 857
2. Loan and credit payables	29 908	7 050
3. Financial lease commitments paid	2 301	1 921
4. Interest paid	995	3 742
III. Net financial activity cash flows (I-II)	-78 615	-53 570
D. Total net cash flows (A.III+/-B.III+/-C.III)	126 344	11 785
E. Change in balance-sheet cash and cash equivalents of which:	125 905	12 069
- change in cash and cash equivalents due to foreign exchange gains/losses	-439	284
F. Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents	58 259	46 474
G. Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents (F+/- D) of which:	184 603	58 259
- those with restricted availability	1 391	346

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT A. EXPLANATORY NOTES EXPLANATORY NOTES TO BALANCE SHEET

Note 1 a

INTANGIBLE ASSETS INCLUDING:		'000 PLN	
	2	2012	2011
a) concessions, patents, licenses and equivalents including:		76	747
- computer software		76	747
Total intangible assets		76	747

Note 1b

CHANGES IN THE VALUE OF INTANGIBLE ASSETS (BY CATEGORY)							
		'000 PLN					
	a	b	b c		d	e	Total intangible assets
	costs of completed developmental activities	goodwill	concessions, patents, equivalents including	licenses and	other intangible assets	prepaid intangible assets	
				- computer software	1		
a) opening balance of intangible assets, gross			7 357	7 357			7 357
b) additions (of which):			53	53			53
- purchases			53	53			53
c) closing balance of intangible assets, gross			7 410	7 410			7410
d) opening balance of accumulated depreciation			6 610	6 610			6610
e) depreciation for the accounting period of which:			724	724			724
- accrued depreciation for the period			724	724			724
f) closing balance of accumulated depreciation			7 334	7 334			7 334
g) closing balance of intangible assets, net			76	76			76

Note 1c

INTANGIBLE ASSETS (OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE)	'000 PLN	
	2012	2011
a) own intangible assets	76	747
Total intangible assets	76	747

N	ote	29

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	'000 F	LN
	2012	2011
a) tangible fixed assets including:	601 965	594 056
- lands (including perpetual usufruct title to land)	11	11
- buildings, units and civil engineering works	114 753	115 918
- technical equipment and machinery	481 660	471 915
- means of transport	639	1 324
- other fixed assets	4 902	4 888
b) fixed assets under construction	141 800	54 714
c) prepaid fixed assets under construction	11 910	224
Total tangible fixed assets	755 675	648 994

T.C. DĘBICA S.A.

Note 2b

CHANGES IN FIXED ASSETS (BY CATEGORY)						
'000 PLN						
	- lands (incl. perpetual usufruct title to land)	- buildings, units and civil engineering works	- technical equipment and machinery	- means of transport	- other fixed assets	Total fixed assets
a) opening balance of fixed assets, gross	11	256 262	1 097 877	4 908	18 126	1 377 184
b) additions (of which):		5 400	71 925	338	962	78 625
- purchases, investments		5 400	70 100		962	76 462
- leased assets			1 825	338		2 163
c) reductions (of which):		487	11 481	789	53	12 809
- disposals			1 368			1 368
- liquidations		487	9 792	142	52	10 473
- return to lessor once the lease contract is over			321	647		968
d) closing balance of fixed assets, gross	11	261 174	1 158 321	4 457	19 036	1 442 999
e) opening balance of accumulated depreciation		140 016	624 606	3 584	13 238	781 444
f) depreciation for the period of which:		6 078	50 699	234	895	57 906
- accrued depreciation for the period		6 547	61 335	1 023	947	69 852
- reduced depreciation due to disposal and liquidation		469	10 315	142	52	10 978
- return to lessor once the lease contract is over			321	647		968
g) closing balance of accumulated depreciation		146 094	675 305	3 818	14 133	839 350
h) opening balance of allowances for permanent loss of value		328	1 356			1 684
i) closing balance of allowances for permanent loss of value		328	1 356			1 684
j) closing balance of fixed assets, net	11	114 753	481 660	639	4 902	601 965

Note 2c

BALANCE SHEET FIXED ASSETS (OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE)	'000 PLN	
	2012	2011
a) own fixed assets	598 702	590 664
b) used under rental, tenancy or other contract including lease contract, of which:	3 263	3 392
- lease contract	3 263	3 392
Total balance sheet fixed assets	601 965	594 056

Note 2d

OFF-BALANCE FIXED ASSETS	'000 PLN	
	2012	2011
used under rental, tenancy or other contract including lease contract including:	31 074	119 807
- real properties used under lease contract according to estimated gross value	0	88 310
- perpetual usufruct title to lands	31 074	31 497
Total off-balance fixed assets	31 074	119 807

Note 3a

CHANCE IN BALANCE OF INTANGIBLE ASSETS (BY CATEGORY)	'000 PLN	
	2012	2011
a) opening balance	747	0
- computer software	747	0
b) additions (of which)	53	0
- computer software	53	
c) reductions (of which)	724	0
- computer software	724	
d) closing balance	76	0
- computer software	76	

Note 3b

	,000	PLN
	2012	2011
a) in other entities	14	4 144
- interests or shares	14	4 144
Total long-term financial assets	14	4 144

Note 3c

CHANGE OF BALANCE OF LONG-TERM FINANCIAL ASSETS (BY) CATEGORY)	'000 PLN	
	2012	2011
a) opening balance	144	1 681
b) additions (of which)	0	3 452
- pricing of embedded derivatives		3 452
c) reductions (of which):	0	4 989
- pricing of embedded derivatives		4 989
d) closing balance	144	144

Note 3d

IN	INTERESTS OR SHARES IN OTHER ENTITIES									
#	'000 PLN									
	a	b	С	d	e		f	g	h	i
	name of the entity, with	registered office	scope of activities	balance sheet	entity's equity		shareholding in	share in the	value of	received or due
	legal status specified			value of	including:		share capital	total number of	interests/shares	dividends for
				interests/shares	C	-share capital			- I I - J	the last
						_			the issuer	accounting year
								Meeting of		
								Shareholders		
1.	TIRE RECYCLING	Warsaw	Recovery and recycling	144	4 523	1 008	14.00	14.00		
	CENTER RECOVERY		of packaging and used							
	ORGANISATION S.A.		waste (tires)							

As of December 31, 2011

Note 3e

SECURITIES, INTERESTS AND OTHER LONG-TERM	unit	currency	'000 PLN	
FINANCIAL ASSETS (BY CURRENCY)			2012	2011
a) in Polish currency			144	144
b1. in foreign currency				
-				
Total securities, interests and other long-term financial assets			144	144

Note 3f

SECURITIES, INTERESTS AND OTHER LONG-TERM FINANCIAL ASSETS)	'000 PLN	
	2012	2011
c1)		
c2)		
c1)		
c2)		
c1)		
c2)		
A. With limited marketability (balance sheet value)	144	144
a. interests and shares (balance sheet value):	144	144
- value according to prices of acquisition	144	144
c1)		
c2)		
Total value at purchasing prices	144	144
Total balance sheet value	144	144

Note 4a

CHANGE IN DEFERRED INCOME TAX ASSETS	'000 PL	N
	2012	2011
1. Opening balance of deferred income tax assets including:	15 644	14 504
a) included in the financial result	15 163	14 023
- provision for employee benefits due, but unpaid	5 328	5 103
- provision for jubilee awards and retirement gratuities	2 251	2 443
- provision for restructuring	0	116
- non-invoiced services	4 681	4 309
- revaluation of trade receivables	293	239
- reduction in the value of raw material and product inventories	365	658
- provision for extended guarantees	22	14
- difference between lease costs under accounting and tax treatment	50	47
- accrued, but not paid interest on loans extended	879	933
- provision for bonuses	948	
- other	346	161
b) netted with equity	481	481
2. Additions	189	1 795
a) deducted from financial result in the accounting period in relation to negative temporary	189	1 795
differences (of which):		
- provision for employee benefits due, but unpaid		225
- non-invoiced services	20	
- decrease of the value of raw material and product inventories		372
- difference between lease costs under accounting and tax treatment		3
- provision for extended guarantees	2	8
- revaluation of trade receivables		54
- provision for bonuses	167	0
- embedded derivatives		948
- other		185
3. Deductions	6 059	655
a) deducted from financial result in the accounting period in relation to negative temporary	6 059	655
differences (of which):		
-provision for employee benefits due, but unpaid	1 038	
- provision for jubilee awards and retirement gratuities	429	192

Note 4a (cont.)

CHANGE IN DEFERRED INCOME TAX ASSETS	'000 PI	'000 PLN		
	2012	2011		
- decrease of the value of raw material and product inventories	214	293		
- difference between lease costs under accounting and tax treatment	1	0		
- revaluation of trade receivables	109	0		
- provision for restructuring		116		
- non-invoiced services	2 919	0		
- provision for bonuses		54		
- embedded derivatives	948	0		
- other	401			
4. Closing of deferred income tax assets including:	9 774	15 644		
a) included in the financial result	9 293	15 163		
- provision for employee benefits due, but unpaid	4 290	5 328		
- provision for jubilee awards and retirement gratuities	1 822	2 251		
- provision for restructuring	20	0		
- revaluation of trade receivables	184	293		
- reduction in the value of raw material and product inventories	151	365		
- provision for extended guarantees	24	22		
- difference between lease costs under accounting and tax treatment	49	50		
- non-invoiced services	1 762	4 681		
- provision for bonuses	1 046	879		
- embedded derivatives	0	948		
- other	-55	346		
b) netted with equity	481	481		

Note 5a

INVENTORIES	'000 PLN	
	2012	2011
a) raw materials	70 082	97 043
b) intermediate products and work in progress	22 628	24 935
c) finished goods	23 182	161 227
d) merchandise	1 795	3 013
Total inventories	117 687	286 218

Note 6a

SHORT-TERM RECEIVABLES	'000 PLN	
	2012	2011
a) from related entities	281 842	383 741
- trade receivables with maturity:	281 842	383 741
- below 12 months	281 842	383 741
b) receivables from other entities	41 546	60 045
- trade receivables with maturity:	39 075	37 395
- below 12 months	39 075	37 395
- receivables related to taxes, subsidies, customs, social and health insurance and other benefits	2 271	22 637
- other	200	13
Total short-term receivables, net	323 388	443 786
c) revaluation of net value of receivables	990	1 555
Total short-term receivables, gross	324 378	445 341

Note 6b

SHORT-TERM RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED ENTITIES	'000 PLN	
	2012	2011
a) trade receivables including:	281 842	383 741
- from controlling entity	7	47
- from other related entities	281 835	383 694
Total short-term receivables from related entities, net	281 842	383 741
Total short-term receivables from related entities, gross	281 842	383 741

Note 6c

CHANGE OF REVALUATION OF SHORT-TERM RECEIVABLES	'000 P	LN
	2012	2011
Opening balance	1 555	1 285
a) additions (of which)	4 794	1 671
- setting up provisions	4 794	1 671
b) decreases (of which):	5 359	1 401
- utilization rate, depreciation	1 195	1 016
- dissolution, paid	4 164	385
Closing balance of revaluated short-term receivables	990	1 555

Note 6d

GROSS SHORT-TERM RECEIVABLES (BY CURRENCY)	unit	currency	'000 PLN	
			2012	2011
a) in Polish currency			41 970	204 329
b) in foreign currencies (by currency and following conversion into PLN)			282 408	241 012
b1. unit/currency	,000	USD	283	432
following conversion into '000 PLN			907	1 475
b2. unit/currency	,000	EUR	68 298	54 233
following conversion into '000 PLN			281 501	239 537
Total short-term receivables			324 378	445 341

Note 6e

GROSS TRADE RECEIVABLES - WITH MATURITY COUNTED FROM BALANCING	'000 PLN	
DATE:	2012	2011
a) below 1 month	293 157	368 506
b) from 1 to 3 months	27 039	47 931
c) from 3 to 6 months	3	4 095
d) from 6 months to 1 year		0
e) above 1 year		0
f) overdue receivables	1 613	831
Total trade receivables, gross	321 812	421 363
g) revaluated trade receivables	-890	-227
Total trade receivables, net	320 922	421 136

The receivables specified in items a), b) and c) that is with maturity below 1 month, with maturity from 1 to 3 months and from 3 to 6 months, are a result of regular selling activities of T.C. Debica S.A.

Note 6f

OVERDUE TRADE RECEIVABLES, GROSS – WITH THE FOLLOWING AGEING STRUCTURE:	'000 PLN	
	2012	2011
a) below 1 month	1 137	550
b) from 1 to 3 months	116	116
c) from 3 to 6 months	9	32
d) from 6 months to 1 year	113	49
e) above 1 year	238	84
Total overdue trade receivables (gross)	1 613	831
f) overdue revaluated trade receivables	-890	-227
Total overdue trade receivables, net	723	603

Note 7a

Gross short-term receivables totaled PLN 324 378 thousand including overdue receivables totaling PLN 1 613 thousand. The revaluation write-offs totaled PLN 990 thousand, of which overdue receivables totaled PLN 890 thousand.

Gross long-term receivables were not present.

File	Description

Note 8a

SHORT-TERM FINANCIAL ASSETS		LN
	2012	2011
a) in other entities	445	244
- other securities (by category)	445	244
- embedded derivatives	0	244
- bills of exchange with maturity above 3 months	445	0
b) cash and cash equivalents	184 327	58 422
- cash in hand and cash in bank	184 327	58 422
Total short-term financial assets	184 772	58 666

Note 8b

SECURITIES, INTERESTS AND OTHER SHORT-TERM FINANCIAL ASSETS (BY CURRENCY)	unit	currency	'000 PLN	
			2012	2011
a) in Polish currency			445	0
b) in foreign currencies (by currency and following conversion into PLN)			0	244
b1. in foreign currency	,000	EUR		
following conversion into '000 PLN			0	244
-				
Total securities, interests and other short-term financial assets			445	244

Note 8c

SECURITIES, INTERESTS AND OTHER SHORT-TERM FINANCIAL ASSETS (BY	'000 P	LN
MARKETABILITY)	2012	2011
c1)		
c2)		
c1)		
c2)		
c1)		
c2)		
c1)		
c2)		
Total value at purchasing prices	526	526
Total opening balance	0	0
Total revaluations in the accounting period	0	0
Total balance sheet value	0	0

The short-term financial assets comprise the pricing of embedded derivatives totaling PLN 244 thousand (in 2012 they did not occur) not shown in the above note.

Note 8d

SHORT-TERM LOANS EXTENDED (BY CURRENCY)	unit	currency	'000 PLN	
			2012	2011
b1. in currency				
other currencies in '000 PLN				

Note 8e

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (BY CURRENCY)	unit	currency	'000 P	LN
			2012	2011
a) in Polish currency			174 067	1 620
b) in foreign currencies (by currency and following conversion into PLN)			10 260	56 802
b1. unit/currency	,000	USD	3 140	132
following conversion into '000 PLN			9 733	453
b2. unit/currency	,000	EUR	129	12 758
following conversion into '000 PLN			527	56 349
Total cash and cash equivalents			184 327	58 422

Note 9a

HORT-TERM PREPAYMENTS '000 PLN		PLN
	2012	2011
a) short-term prepayments including:	453	525
- property insurance	439	9 473
- tire testing under regular operational conditions		0
- other	14	4 52
Total short-term prepayments	453	525

Note 10a

The revaluation of non-financial assets for 12 months 2012 totaled PLN 855 thousand of which:

PLN 829 thousand applied to finished goods, and

PLN 26 thousand applied to materials.

At the same time an adjustment (reduction) was made of the write-off for materials by PLN 298 thousand, that reduced the cost of production of the products sold in the Profit and Loss Account.

The revaluation of inventory was made based on conservative pricing of materials, products and commodities.

File	Description

Note 11a

SHARE CAPI	TAL (STRUC	TURE)						
				'000'	PLN			
Series/issue	Share type	Type of stock preference	Type of limitation of rights to shares	Number of shares	Value of series/emission by par value	Way of bringing up capital	Registration date	Right to dividend (effective from the date)
A & B	DĘBICA			10 100 000	80 800	Cash	May 23,19.95	May 9,1995
С	DĘBICA			3 702 750	29 622	Cash	April 11,1996	January 1,1996
Total number of	of shares			13 802 750				
Total share cap	oital				110 422			
Par value per s	hare (in PLN)	8.00				•	•	•

As of December 31, 2012 the shareholders holding directly or indirectly via their subsidiaries at least 5% of the total issuer's shareholders' equity were as follows:

- 1) Goodyear S.A. with its registered office in Luxembourg holding 10 546 155 shares accounting for 76.406% of the Company's shareholders' equity and giving entitlement to exercise 10 546 155 votes at the Company's General Meeting of Shareholders, of which:
- it holds directly 9 117 040 shares in the Company, accounting for 66.052% of the Company's share capital,
- it holds indirectly, via Alliance Silesia Portfolio, 1 429 115 shares in the Company, accounting for 10.354% of the share capital.
- 2) The PZU "Golden Fall" Open-End Pension Fund, with its registered office in Warsaw, holding 804 290 shares in the Company, whereas the shareholding in percentage terms in the Company's share capital and in the

total number of votes is 5.83%.

The changes in the Company's shareholding structure in 2012 are described in Section 6 of the "Company's Management Board Report on Company Operations in 2012".

Note 12a

RESERVE CAPITAL	'000 P	LN
	2012	2011
a) share premium account	130 164	130 164
b) statutory capital	36 807	36 807
c) capital provided for under the articles or deed above the required minimum statutory level	139 263	139 263
d) supplementary contributions made by shareholders / partners	0	0
e) other (by type)	13 807	13 384
- reposting of reserve capital from revaluation of fixed assets – liquidated and disposed of	12 123	11 700
- increase of reserve capital in 1991 by a transfer from social fund – depreciation of fixed assets used in social activities	1 614	1 614
- setting up reserve capital from retained earnings	70	70
Total reserve capital	320 041	319 618

Note 13a

REVALUATION CAPITAL	'000 PLN	
	2012	2011
a) revaluation of fixed assets	72 036	72 459
b) revaluation of deferred tax	481	481
Total revaluation capital	72 517	72 940

Note 14a

OTHER RESERVE CAPITAL (BY PURPOSE)		PLN
	2012	2011
- to cover contingent losses related to non-production assets	5 362	5 362
- from 2000 profit distribution, with an option of dividend payment to shareholders	34 445	34 445
- setting up reserve capital from 2001 profit distribution	4 802	4 802
- an allocation to the reserve capital from the profit distributed for the year 2002, with an option of dividend payment to the shareholders	629	629
- an allocation to the reserve capital from the profit distributed for the year 2003, with an option of dividend payment to the shareholders	1 698	1 698
- an allocation to the reserve capital from the profit distributed for the year 2004, with an option of dividend payment to the shareholders	158	158
- an allocation to the reserve capital from the profit distributed for the year 2005, with an option of dividend payment to the shareholders	34	34
- an allocation to the reserve capital from the profit distributed for the year 2006, with an option of dividend payment to the shareholders	30 626	30 626
- an allocation to the reserve capital from the profit distributed for the year 2007, with an option of dividend payment to the shareholders	28 040	28 040
- an allocation to the reserve capital from the profit distributed for the year 2008, with an option of dividend payment to the shareholders	67 916	67 916
- an allocation to the reserve capital from the profit distributed for the year 2009, with an option of dividend payment to the shareholders	9 916	9 916
- an allocation to the reserve capital from the profit distributed for the year 2010, with an option of dividend payment to the shareholders	40 829	40 829
- an allocation to the reserve capital from the profit distributed for the year 2011, with an option of dividend payment to the shareholders	45 384	
Total other reserve capital	269 839	224 455

Note 15a

CHANGE IN PROVISION FOR DEFERRED INCOME TAX	'000 P	LN
	2012	2011
Opening balance of provision for deferred income tax including:	54 250	50 760
a) netted with the financial result	54 250	50 760
- amortization of investment allowances	4 465	4 780
- interest charged to contractors and interest income from cash assets	8	14
- difference between depreciation under accounting and tax treatment	49 436	45 450
- embedded derivatives	0	327
- prepayments	87	107
- other income –franchise	254	82
2. Additions	2 772	4 158
a) netted with the financial result in the accounting period in relation to temporary foreign exchange	2 772	4 158
gains (from item)		
- difference between depreciation under accounting and tax treatment	2 772	3 986
- other	0	172
3. Deductions	530	668
a) deducted from financial result in the accounting period in relation to positive temporary differences	530	668
(of which)		
- amortization of investment allowances	296	315
- interest charged to contractors and interest income from cash assets	2	6
- embedded derivatives	0	327
- prepayments	1	20
- other	231	
4. Total closing balance of provision for deferred income tax	56 492	54 250
a) netted with the financial result	56 492	54 250
- amortization of investment allowances	4 169	4 465
- interest charged to contractors and interest income from cash assets	6	8
- difference between depreciation under accounting and tax treatment	52 208	49 436
- prepayments	86	87
- other	23	254

Note 15b

CHANGE IN LONG-TERM PROVISION FOR RETIREMENT BENEFITS AND	'000 P	'000 PLN		
EQUIVALENTS (BY TITLE)	2012	2011		
a) opening balance	8 189	9 675		
- jubilee awards, retirement gratuities, disability and death benefits	8 189	9 675		
b) additions (of which)	0	0		
c) dissolution (of which)	1 295	1 486		
- jubilee awards, retirement gratuities, disability and death benefits	1 295	1 486		
d) closing balance	6 894	8 189		
- jubilee awards, retirement gratuities, disability and death benefits	6 894	8 189		

Note 15c

CHANGE IN SHORT-TERM PROVISION FOR RETIREMENT BENEFITS AND	'000 P	LN
EQUIVALENTS (BY TITLE)	2012	2011
a) opening balance	23 957	22 624
- jubilee awards, retirement gratuities, disability and death benefits	3 658	3 183
- other employee benefits due, but unpaid	20 299	19 441
b) additions (of which)	14 680	16 886
- jubilee awards, retirement gratuities, disability and death benefits	0	475
- other employee benefits due, but unpaid	14 680	16 411
c) utilization (of which)	16 692	15 553
- other employee benefits due, but unpaid	16 692	15 553
d) dissolution (of which)	961	0
- other employee benefits due, but unpaid	961	
e) closing balance	20 984	23 957
- jubilee awards, retirement gratuities, disability and death benefits	2 697	3 658
- other employee benefits due, but unpaid	18 287	20 299

Note 15d

CHANGE IN BALANCE OF OTHER LONG-TERM PROVISIONS (BY TITLE)	'000 PLN	
	2012	2011
a) opening balance	111	69
- tire warranties extended	111	69
b) additions (of which)	40	47
- tire warranties extended	40	47
c) utilization (of which)	0	5
- tire warranties extended	0	5
d) dissolution (of which)	27	0
- tire warranties extended	27	
e) closing balance	124	111
- tire warranties extended	124	111

Note 15e

CHANGE IN BALANCE OF OTHER SHORT-TERM PROVISIONS (BY TITLE)	'000 P	LN
	2012	2011
a) opening balance	0	614
- restructuring provision (severance pays for laid-off workers)	0	614
b) additions (of which)	104	177
- restructuring provision (severance pays for laid-off workers)	104	177
c) utilization (of which)	0	791
- restructuring provision (severance pays for laid-off workers)		791
e) closing balance	104	0
- restructuring provision (severance pays for laid-off workers)	104	0

Note 16a

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	'000 PLN	
	2012	2011
a) to other entities	1 647	6 386
- financial lease contracts	1 647	1 733
- other (by category)		4 653
- embedded derivatives		4 653
Total long-term liabilities	1 647	6 386

Note 16b

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES WITH MATURITY FROM BALANCING DATE	'000 PLN	
	2012	2011
a) from 1 to 3 years	1 647	3 210
b) from 3 to 5 years	0	2 423
c) above 5 years	0	753
Total long-term liabilities	1 647	6 386

Note 16c

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (BY CURRENCY)	unit	currency	'000 PLN	
			2012	2011
a) in Polish currency			1 647	6 386
Total long-term liabilities			1 647	6 386

Note 16d

'000 PI	LN											·	·	
Name of entity	Registered seat	Amount of	credit / loan	under agree	ement	Amount of o	Amount of credit/loan to be repaid				Maturity date	Securities & collaterals	Other	
		'000 PLN	in foreign currency	unit	currency	'000 PLN	in foreign currency	unit	currency					
BANK PEKAO S.A.	WARSAW	60 000	0					000 (000	PLN	WIBOR 1 M + 1.35%	Sept. 30, 2015	a power of attorney to use current account, statement about voluntary subjecting oneself to enforcement procedure		
ING BANK S.A.		30 000	0					000, 000	PLN	WIBOR 1 M + 1.25%	Oct. 31, 2015	a power of attorney to use current account, statement about voluntary subjecting oneself to enforcement procedure		
RAIFFEISEN BANK POLSKA SA	WARSAW	40 000	0			(000)	PLN	WIBOR 1 M + 1.25%	Sept. 30, 2016	a power of attorney to use current account, statement about voluntary subjecting oneself to enforcement procedure		
BRE SA	WARSAW	45 000	0			(000 (000	PLN	WIBOR 1 M + 1.30%	Oct. 31, 2016	a power of attorney to use current account, statement about voluntary subjecting oneself to enforcement procedure		

Note 17a

SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES	'000 P	LN
	2012	2011
vis-à-vis a partner in a subsidiary		
credits and loans including:		
long-term under repayment		
debt securities liabilities		
dividend-related payables		
other financial liabilities including:		
trade payables with the following maturity:		
below 12 months		
above 12 months		
prepaid deliveries		
bill of exchange payables		
other (by purpose)		
a) vis-à-vis controlling entity	17 596	24 640
- trade payables with the following maturity:	17 596	24 640
- below 12 months	17 596	24 640
- vis-à-vis other related entities	80 440	104 105
- trade payables with the following maturity:	80 440	104 105
- below 12 months	80 440	104 105
vis-a-vis other non-related entities	340 052	414 208
- credits and loans of which:	0	29 908
b) other financial liabilities including:	1 871	1 921
- financial lease contracts	1 871	1 921
- trade payables with the following maturity:	261 023	344 971
- below 12 months	261 023	344 971
- taxes, customs, insurance and other benefits	19 464	22 506
- wage-related payables	7 268	7 310
- other (by purpose)	50 426	7 592
- investment liabilities	50 424	6 909
- embedded derivatives	0	579
- other	2	104
c) special funds (by purpose)	1 391	646
Total short-term liabilities	439 479	543 599

Note 17b

SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES (BY CURRENCY)	unit	currency	'000 PI	LN
			2012	2011
a) in Polish currency			274 327	220 823
b) in foreign currencies (by currency and after conversion into PLN)			165 152	322 776
b1. unit/currency	,000	USD	4 861	7 318
after conversion into '000 PLN			9 931	25 010
b2. unit/currency	,000	EUR	52 256	67 285
after conversion into '000 PLN			155 036	297 187
b3. unit/currency	,000	GBP	36	
after conversion into '000 PLN			185	
b4. unit/currency		USD		
after conversion into '000 PLN				579
Total short-term liabilities			439 479	543 599

Note 18a

OTHER ACCRUED LIABILITIES	'000 PLN	
	2012	2011
a) accruals and deferred income	0	2
- short term (of which)	0	2
- compensations due	0	2
Total other accruals and deferred income	0	2

Note 19a

Book value per share = Equity value/number of shares.

The Company does not plan any new issues of shares, nor it has issued any bonds convertible into shares, nor other events occurred that would increase the expected number of shares, therefore the book value per share is equal to diluted book value per share.

File	Description

EXPLANATORY NOTES TO PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Note 20a

NET SALES OF MERCHANDISE (NON-CASH STRUCTURE - BY TYPE OF ACTIVITY)	E OF ACTIVITY) '000 PL	
	2012	2011
- revenues from the sales of rubber products	2 030 061	2 226 137
- including: from related entities	1 837 393	2 025 072
- revenues from the sales of services	41 194	48 299
- including: from related entities	38 092	43 168
Total net sales of products	2 071 255	2 274 436
- including: from related entities	1 875 485	2 068 240

Note 20b

NET SALES OF PRODUCTS (BY GEOGRAPHICAL AREA)	'000 P	'000 PLN	
	2012	2011	
a) domestic market	352 880	537 449	
- including: from related entities	158 014	335 037	
- revenues from the sales of rubber products	344 675	511 689	
- including: from related entities	152 893	314 402	
- revenues from the sales of services	8 205	25 760	
- including: from related entities	5 121	20 635	
b) export markets	1 718 375	1 736 987	
- including: from related entities	1 717 471	1 733 203	
- revenues from the sales of rubber products	1 685 386	1 714 448	
- including: from related entities	1 684 500	1 710 670	
- revenues from the sales of services	32 989	22 539	
- including: from related entities	32 971	22 533	
Total net sales of products	2 071 255	2 274 436	
- including: from related entities	1 875 485	2 068 240	

Note 21a

NET SALES OF MERCHANDISE AND MATERIALS (NON-CASH STRUTURE – TYPE OF	'000 P	LN
ACTIVITY)	2012	2011
- materials	5 053	23 354
- including: from related entities	4 496	21 036
- merchandise	56 951	23 796
- including: from related entities	17 802	4 861
Total sales of merchandise and materials, net	62 004	47 150
- including: from related entities	22 298	25 897

Note 21b

NET SALES OF MERCHANDISE AND MATERIALS (BY GEOGRAPHICAL AREA)	'000 P	'000 PLN	
	2012	2011	
a) domestic market	40 963	22 187	
- including: from related entities	1 259	965	
- materials	557	2 318	
- including: from related entities	0	0	
- merchandise	40 406	19 869	
- including: from related entities	1 259	965	
b) export markets	21 041	24 963	
- including: from related entities	21 039	24 932	
- materials	4 496	21 036	
- including: from related entities	4 496	21 036	
- merchandise	16 545	3 927	
- including: from related entities	16 543	3 896	
Total sales of merchandise and materials, net	62 004	47 150	
- including: from related entities	22 298	25 897	

Note 22a

COSTS BY CATEGORY '000 PLN		LN
	2012	2011
a) depreciation and amortization	70 577	69 269
b) consumption of energy and materials	1 310 597	1 574 255
c) third party services	232 788	315 797
d) taxes and charges	10 598	10 946
e) wages and salaries	139 791	142 441
f) social insurance and other benefits	42 017	40 713
g) other cost categories (of which)	25 100	23 976
- advertising and entertainment costs	2 366	3 851
- business travel	1 300	2 494
- costs of relations with purchasing groups	16 111	12 223
- property insurance	1 884	2 082
- contributions to the State Fund for Rehabilitation of the Disabled	2 930	2 853
- other	509	473
Total cost categories	1 831 468	2 177 397
Change in inventory, products and prepayments	140 338	-29 744
Cost of products for own consumption (negative value)	-16 655	-9 836
Selling expenses (negative value))	-26 771	-35 377
Overall management costs (negative value)	-51 396	-71 204
Cost of products sold	1 876 984	2 031 236

Note 23a

OTHER OPERATING INCOME	'000 P	'000 PLN	
	2012	2011	
a) dissolved provisions (of which)	0	0	
- provision for extended guarantees	480	555	
b) other including:			
- change in balance of receivables write-off	0	1	
- refund of overpaid social insurance contributions	0	73	
- liabilities' write-off	19	14	
- refunded court costs and costs of debt collection enforcement	84	14	
- refund of costs for bad quality of raw materials	0	53	
- stock taking differentials	92	107	
- damages paid for car accidents	0	284	
- EU grants income	58	0	
- refund of deposits by the Customs Chamber	73	0	
- VAT tax adjustment	146	0	
- other operating income	8	9	
Total other operating income	480	555	

Note 24a

OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES	'000 Pl	'000 PLN	
	2012	2011	
a) set up provisions (of which)	353	243	
- restructuring costs	341	201	
- provision for extended guarantees	12	42	
b) other including:	11 574	1 427	
- cost of non-utilized production capacity	9 747	0	
- scraped products and materials	8	463	
- donations and membership fees	233	399	
- court charges related to debt collection	64	125	
- change due to revaluation of receivables	610	80	
- bank charges	245	164	
- liquidation of fixed assets by IT		4	
- stock taking differentials	31		
- utilization of received EU grants	0	62	
- payment of damages due to car accidents	65	65	
- liquidation of machinery	499	50	
- adjustments of social security contributions	53	0	
- other operating expenses	19	15	
Total other operating expenses	11 927	1 670	

Note 25a

DIVIDEND AND PARTICIPATION IN PROFITS FINANCIAL GAINS	'000 P	LN
	2012	2011
a) from other entities	0	9
Total dividend and participation in profits financial gains	0	9

Note 25b

INTEREST-RELATED FINANCIAL GAINS	'000 P	LN
	2012	2011
a) other interest	4 667	340
- from other entities	4 667	340
Total interest-related financial gains	4 667	340

Note 25c

OTHER FINANCIAL GAINS		'000 PLN	
	2012	2011	
a) foreign exchange gains	3 409	0	
- realized	421	0	
- non-realized	2 988	0	
a) other including:	5 047	15	
- settlement of fair value of embedded derivatives	4 988	0	
- refund of VAT tax charged on foreign invoices through CASH BACK	59	15	
Total other financial income	8 456	15	

Note 26a

INTEREST-RELATED FINANCIAL EXPENSES	'000 PLN	
	2012	2011
a) on bank credits and loans:	1 084	3 736
- payable to other entities	1 084	3 736
b) other interest	4 790	2 782
- payable to other entities	4 790	2 782
Total interest-related financial expenses	5 874	6 518

Note 26b

OTHER FINANCIAL COSTS		'000 PLN	
		2012	2011
a) foreign exchange losses of which:		0	8 532
- realized		0	5 081
- non-realized		0	3 451
b) other including:		0	6 704
- revaluation of fair value of embedded derivatives		0	6 704
Total other financial costs	•	0	15 236

Note 27a

1. Profit (loss) before taxation	CURRENT INCOME TAX	'000 PL	N
2. Differences between profit (loss) before taxation and taxation base for income tax (under 2 titles) -36 126 5 930 A. Permanent differences 6 567 6 441 non-deductible costs and losses including: 6 567 6 441 -provision for receivables 0 268 delayed payment interest - receivables from the state budget entities 494 34 -contributions to the State Fund for Rehabilitation of the Disabled 2 948 2 859 -expenses exceeding the limit for passenger cars 462 394 -expenses on Supervisory Board and General Meeting of Shareholders 17 114 -expenses on Supervisory Board and General Meeting of Shareholders 17 114 -social organization membership fees 68 85 -costs carried forward 526 584 -donations, scholarships, aids 526 584 -determinent costs 872 1019 VAT and other non-deductible taxes 872 1019 -depreciation allowances for fixed assets covered with EU grant 0 44 -differences including the following categories: 19 19 19 10 371		2012	2011
A Permanent differences	1. Profit (loss) before taxation	116 882	113 604
A Permanent differences	2. Differences between profit (loss) before taxation and taxation base for income tax (under 2 titles)	-36 126	-5 930
provision for receivables 0 268		6 567	6 441
provision for receivables 0 268	- non-deductible costs and losses including:	6 567	6 441
delayed payment interest - receivables from the state budget entities 2948 2859 2859 2859 2959		0	268
expenses exceeding the limit for passenger cars	- delayed payment interest – receivables from the state budget entities	494	34
expenses exceeding the limit for passenger cars	- contributions to the State Fund for Rehabilitation of the Disabled	2 948	2 859
Expenses on Supervisory Board and General Meeting of Shareholders	- expenses exceeding the limit for passenger cars	462	
- social organization membership fees 68 85 - costs carried forward - costs carried forward - costs carried forward - donations, scholarships, aids 526 584 - entertainment costs 872 1 019 - VAT and other non-deductible taxes 114 - depreciation allowances for fixed assets covered with EU grant 0 44 - additional allowance for the Corporate Social Fund 40 450 - other 999 489 B. Transitional differences 42 693 12 371 - Positive differences including the following categories: 19 419 10 371 - amortization of investment allowances -1 559 -1 660 - difference between depreciation under accounting and tax treatment 16 008 19 562 Foreign exchange gains resulting from balance pricing	- penalties and damages paid	27	101
- costs carried forward	- expenses on Supervisory Board and General Meeting of Shareholders	17	114
- costs carried forward	- social organization membership fees	68	85
- entertainment costs 872 1 019 - VAT and other non-deductible taxes 114 - 4 - depreciation allowances for fixed assets covered with EU grant 0 44 - additional allowance for the Corporate Social Fund 40 450 - other 999 489 B. Transitional differences 42 693 12 371 - Positive differences including the following categories: 19 419 10 371 - amortization of investment allowances -1 559 -1 660 - difference between depreciation under accounting and tax treatment 16 008 19 562 Foreign exchange gains resulting from balance pricing -1 -1 - interest charged to contractors and interest income from cash assets -13 -36 - prepayments -5 -106 - embedded derivatives 4 988 -6 704 non-realized gains -0 -685 Negative differences including: 0 -685 - other 0 -685 Negative differences including: 23 274 2 000 - accrued expenses and provisions f	- costs carried forward		
- entertainment costs 872 1 019 - VAT and other non-deductible taxes 114 - 4 - depreciation allowances for fixed assets covered with EU grant 0 44 - additional allowance for the Corporate Social Fund 40 450 - other 999 489 B. Transitional differences 42 693 12 371 - Positive differences including the following categories: 19 419 10 371 - amortization of investment allowances -1 559 -1 660 - difference between depreciation under accounting and tax treatment 16 008 19 562 Foreign exchange gains resulting from balance pricing -1 -1 - interest charged to contractors and interest income from cash assets -13 -36 - prepayments -5 -106 - embedded derivatives 4 988 -6 704 non-realized gains -0 -685 Negative differences including: 0 -685 - other 0 -685 Negative differences including: 23 274 2 000 - accrued expenses and provisions f	- donations, scholarships, aids	526	584
- depreciation allowances for fixed assets covered with EU grant 0 44 - additional allowance for the Corporate Social Fund 40 450 - other 999 489 B. Transitional differences 42 693 12 371 - Positive differences including the following categories: 19 419 10 371 - amortization of investment allowances -1 559 -1 660 - difference between depreciation under accounting and tax treatment 16 008 19 562 Foreign exchange gains resulting from balance pricing - - - interest charged to contractors and interest income from cash assets -13 -36 - prepayments -5 -106 - embedded derivatives 4 988 -6 704 non-realized gains - 0 -685 Negative differences including: 23 274 2 000 - accrued expenses and provisions for liabilities 8 363 510 - revaluation of receivables from customers -618 908 - devaluation of inventories, raw materials and products 1 129 1 540 - provision for restructuring		872	1 019
- additional allowance for the Corporate Social Fund 40 450 - other 999 489 B. Transitional differences 42 693 12 371 - Positive differences including the following categories: 19 419 10 371 - amortization of investment allowances -1 559 -1 660 - difference between depreciation under accounting and tax treatment 16 008 19 562 Foreign exchange gains resulting from balance pricing -16 008 19 562 interest charged to contractors and interest income from cash assets -13 -36 - prepayments -5 -106 - embedded derivatives 4 988 -6 704 non-realized gains -0 -685 other 0 -685 Negative differences including: 23 274 2 000 - accrued expenses and provisions for liabilities 8 363 510 - revaluation of receivables from customers -618 908 - devaluation of inventories, raw materials and products 1 129 1 540 - provision for restructuring -104 614	- VAT and other non-deductible taxes	114	
- additional allowance for the Corporate Social Fund 40 450 - other 999 489 B. Transitional differences 42 693 12 371 - Positive differences including the following categories: 19 419 10 371 - amortization of investment allowances -1 559 -1 660 - difference between depreciation under accounting and tax treatment 16 008 19 562 Foreign exchange gains resulting from balance pricing -16 008 19 562 interest charged to contractors and interest income from cash assets -13 -36 - prepayments -5 -106 - embedded derivatives 4 988 -6 704 non-realized gains -0 -685 other 0 -685 Negative differences including: 23 274 2 000 - accrued expenses and provisions for liabilities 8 363 510 - revaluation of receivables from customers -618 908 - devaluation of inventories, raw materials and products 1 129 1 540 - provision for restructuring -104 614	- depreciation allowances for fixed assets covered with EU grant	0	44
- other 999 489 B. Transitional differences 42 693 12 371 - Positive differences including the following categories: 19 419 10 371 - amortization of investment allowances -1 559 -1 660 - difference between depreciation under accounting and tax treatment 16 008 19 562 Foreign exchange gains resulting from balance pricing		40	450
B. Transitional differences 42 693 12 371 - Positive differences including the following categories: 19 419 10 371 - amortization of investment allowances -1 559 -1 660 difference between depreciation under accounting and tax treatment 16 008 19 562 Foreign exchange gains resulting from balance pricing -13 -36 - interest charged to contractors and interest income from cash assets -13 -36 - prepayments -5 -106 - embedded derivatives 4 988 -6 704 non-realized gains -0 -685 Negative differences including: 23 274 2 000 - accrued expenses and provisions for liabilities 8 363 510 - revaluation of receivables from customers -618 908 - devaluation of inventories, raw materials and products 1 129 1 540 - provision for restructuring -104 614 - revaluation of net value of fixed assets -1 -104 614 - revaluation of net value of fixed assets -15 231 -1 874 - difference between lease costs under accounting and tax treatment 8 -12 -1 874 <		999	489
- amortization of investment allowances -1 559 -1 660 - difference between depreciation under accounting and tax treatment 16 008 19 562 Foreign exchange gains resulting from balance pricing		42 693	
- amortization of investment allowances -1 559 -1 660 - difference between depreciation under accounting and tax treatment 16 008 19 562 Foreign exchange gains resulting from balance pricing	- Positive differences including the following categories:	19 419	10 371
Foreign exchange gains resulting from balance pricing		-1 559	-1 660
Foreign exchange gains resulting from balance pricing	- difference between depreciation under accounting and tax treatment	16 008	19 562
- interest charged to contractors and interest income from cash assets -13 -36 - prepayments -5 -106 - embedded derivatives 4 988 -6 704 non-realized gains 0 -685 - other 0 -685 Negative differences including: 23 274 2 000 - accrued expenses and provisions for liabilities 8 363 510 - revaluation of receivables from customers -618 908 - devaluation of inventories, raw materials and products 1 129 1 540 - provision for restructuring -104 614 - revaluation of net value of fixed assets -104 614 - revaluation of net value of fixed assets -12 -104 614 - roviliation of net value of fixed assets -12 -104 614 - roviliation of net value of fixed assets -12 -104 614 - roviliation of net value of fixed assets -15 -1874 - difference between lease costs under accounting and tax treatment 8 -12 - non-invoiced services 15 231			
- prepayments -5 -106 - embedded derivatives 4 988 -6 704 non-realized gains - 0 -685 - other 0 -685 Negative differences including: 23 274 2 000 - accrued expenses and provisions for liabilities 8 363 510 - revaluation of receivables from customers -618 908 - devaluation of inventories, raw materials and products 1 129 1 540 - provision for restructuring -104 614 - revaluation of net value of fixed assets -104 614 - difference between lease costs under accounting and tax treatment 8 -12 - non-invoiced services 15 231 -1 874 - accrued non-paid interest on loans extended -881 286 - other 146 28 3. Taxation base for income tax 80 756 107 674 4. Income tax at 19% rate 15 344 20 458 5. Current income tax posted into tax return of the accounting period including: 15 344 20 458		-13	-36
- embedded derivatives 4 988 -6 704 non-realized gains 0 -685 - other 0 -685 Negative differences including: 23 274 2 000 - accrued expenses and provisions for liabilities 8 363 510 - revaluation of receivables from customers -618 908 - devaluation of inventories, raw materials and products 1 129 1 540 - provision for restructuring -104 614 - revaluation of net value of fixed assets - - - difference between lease costs under accounting and tax treatment 8 -12 - non-invoiced services 15 231 -1 874 - accrued non-paid interest on loans extended -881 286 - other 146 28 3. Taxation base for income tax 80 756 107 674 4. Income tax at 19% rate 15 344 20 458 5. Current income tax posted into tax return of the accounting period including: 15 344 20 458		-5	-106
other 0 -685 Negative differences including: 23 274 2 000 - accrued expenses and provisions for liabilities 8 363 510 - revaluation of receivables from customers -618 908 - devaluation of inventories, raw materials and products 1 129 1 540 - provision for restructuring -104 614 - revaluation of net value of fixed assets - - - difference between lease costs under accounting and tax treatment 8 -12 - non-invoiced services 15 231 -1 874 - accrued non-paid interest on loans extended - -881 286 - other 146 28 3. Taxation base for income tax 80 756 107 674 4. Income tax at 19% rate 15 344 20 458 5. Current income tax posted into tax return of the accounting period including: 15 344 20 458	- embedded derivatives	4 988	-6 704
other 0 -685 Negative differences including: 23 274 2 000 - accrued expenses and provisions for liabilities 8 363 510 - revaluation of receivables from customers -618 908 - devaluation of inventories, raw materials and products 1 129 1 540 - provision for restructuring -104 614 - revaluation of net value of fixed assets - - - difference between lease costs under accounting and tax treatment 8 -12 - non-invoiced services 15 231 -1 874 - accrued non-paid interest on loans extended - -881 286 - other 146 28 3. Taxation base for income tax 80 756 107 674 4. Income tax at 19% rate 15 344 20 458 5. Current income tax posted into tax return of the accounting period including: 15 344 20 458	non-realized gains		
- accrued expenses and provisions for liabilities 8 363 510 - revaluation of receivables from customers -618 908 - devaluation of inventories, raw materials and products 1 129 1 540 - provision for restructuring -104 614 - revaluation of net value of fixed assets - - difference between lease costs under accounting and tax treatment 8 -12 - non-invoiced services 15 231 -1 874 - accrued non-paid interest on loans extended - -881 286 - other 146 28 3. Taxation base for income tax 80 756 107 674 4. Income tax at 19% rate 15 344 20 458 5. Current income tax posted into tax return of the accounting period including: 15 344 20 458		0	-685
- accrued expenses and provisions for liabilities 8 363 510 - revaluation of receivables from customers -618 908 - devaluation of inventories, raw materials and products 1 129 1 540 - provision for restructuring -104 614 - revaluation of net value of fixed assets - - difference between lease costs under accounting and tax treatment 8 -12 - non-invoiced services 15 231 -1 874 - accrued non-paid interest on loans extended - -881 286 - other 146 28 3. Taxation base for income tax 80 756 107 674 4. Income tax at 19% rate 15 344 20 458 5. Current income tax posted into tax return of the accounting period including: 15 344 20 458	Negative differences including:	23 274	2 000
- revaluation of receivables from customers -618 908 - devaluation of inventories, raw materials and products 1 129 1 540 - provision for restructuring -104 614 - revaluation of net value of fixed assets - - - difference between lease costs under accounting and tax treatment 8 -12 - non-invoiced services 15 231 -1 874 - accrued non-paid interest on loans extended - -881 286 - other 146 28 3. Taxation base for income tax 80 756 107 674 4. Income tax at 19% rate 15 344 20 458 5. Current income tax posted into tax return of the accounting period including: 15 344 20 458	- accrued expenses and provisions for liabilities		510
- provision for restructuring -104 614 - revaluation of net value of fixed assets - - - difference between lease costs under accounting and tax treatment 8 -12 - non-invoiced services 15 231 -1 874 - accrued non-paid interest on loans extended - -881 286 - other 146 28 3. Taxation base for income tax 80 756 107 674 4. Income tax at 19% rate 15 344 20 458 5. Current income tax posted into tax return of the accounting period including: 15 344 20 458		-618	908
- revaluation of net value of fixed assets - - difference between lease costs under accounting and tax treatment 8 -12 - non-invoiced services 15 231 -1 874 - accrued non-paid interest on loans extended -881 286 - other 146 28 3. Taxation base for income tax 80 756 107 674 4. Income tax at 19% rate 15 344 20 458 5. Current income tax posted into tax return of the accounting period including: 15 344 20 458	- devaluation of inventories, raw materials and products	1 129	1 540
- difference between lease costs under accounting and tax treatment 8 -12 - non-invoiced services 15 231 -1 874 - accrued non-paid interest on loans extended - 881 286 - other 146 28 3. Taxation base for income tax 80 756 107 674 4. Income tax at 19% rate 15 344 20 458 5. Current income tax posted into tax return of the accounting period including: 15 344 20 458	- provision for restructuring	-104	614
- non-invoiced services 15 231 -1 874 - accrued non-paid interest on loans extended - 881 286 - other 146 28 3. Taxation base for income tax 80 756 107 674 4. Income tax at 19% rate 15 344 20 458 5. Current income tax posted into tax return of the accounting period including: 15 344 20 458	- revaluation of net value of fixed assets		
- non-invoiced services 15 231 -1 874 - accrued non-paid interest on loans extended - 881 286 - other 146 28 3. Taxation base for income tax 80 756 107 674 4. Income tax at 19% rate 15 344 20 458 5. Current income tax posted into tax return of the accounting period including: 15 344 20 458	- difference between lease costs under accounting and tax treatment	8	-12
- provision for bonuses -881 286 - other 146 28 3. Taxation base for income tax 80 756 107 674 4. Income tax at 19% rate 15 344 20 458 5. Current income tax posted into tax return of the accounting period including: 15 344 20 458		15 231	-1 874
- provision for bonuses -881 286 - other 146 28 3. Taxation base for income tax 80 756 107 674 4. Income tax at 19% rate 15 344 20 458 5. Current income tax posted into tax return of the accounting period including: 15 344 20 458	- accrued non-paid interest on loans extended		
- other 146 28 3. Taxation base for income tax 80 756 107 674 4. Income tax at 19% rate 15 344 20 458 5. Current income tax posted into tax return of the accounting period including: 15 344 20 458		-881	286
3. Taxation base for income tax 80 756 107 674 4. Income tax at 19% rate 15 344 20 458 5. Current income tax posted into tax return of the accounting period including: 15 344 20 458	1	146	28
4. Income tax at 19% rate15 34420 4585. Current income tax posted into tax return of the accounting period including:15 34420 458		80 756	107 674
5. Current income tax posted into tax return of the accounting period including: 15 344 20 458	4. Income tax at 19% rate	15 344	
	5. Current income tax posted into tax return of the accounting period including:	15 344	
	- tax posted into Profit and Loss Account		20 458

Pursuant to the Operational Permit No. 134/ARP/2008, dated February 27, 2008 for running business activities in the area of Euro-Park Mielec Special Economic Zone the Company may enjoy income tax breaks up to 46.37% of discounted total amount of capital expenditures born to implement investment projects within the boundaries of the Special Economic Zone. The Company met the requirements of the Operational Permit in December 2012 and effective from 2013 it may enjoy corporate income tax break. The Operational Permit is valid until 2017. As of December 31, 2012 the amount of non-utilized tax break was PLN 95 995 286.80 in nominal terms and PLN 76 516 870.09 in discounted terms. The enjoyment of the tax break is conditioned by the compliance with the requirements set forth in the Operational Permit and in the Corporate Income Tax Act. Non-compliances with the requirements set forth in the Operational Permit and in the Corporate Income Tax

Act, irrelevant from the financial result perspective, could result in the cancellation of tax breaks and imposition on the Company a duty to pay taxes the Company had been exempted pursuant to the tax break privilege. Additional penalty interested would be charged to the Company for the period of tax break enjoyment until tax payment date.

The tax authorities may audit Company books and tax returns within five years from closing the year in which tax returns were filed and to charge to the Company additional tax amount along with penalties and penalty interest. According to the Management Board there are no circumstances indicating an option of occurrence of material liabilities in relation to that.

Note 27b

DEFERRED INCOME TAX POSTED INTO PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT	'000 PLN	
	2012	2011
- decrease (increase) due to occurrence and reversal of temporary differences		2 351
Total deferred income tax	8 112	2 351

Note 28a

Distribution of net profit for 2011:

- dividend for shareholders PLN 45 411 thousand, paid out on December 19, 2012
- increase of reserve capital PLN 45 384 thousand.

Total net profit in 2011 – PLN 90 795 thousand.

A proposal on the appropriation of 2012 net profit amounting to PLN 93 426 thousand will be presented by the Company's Management Board at the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders that will be held pursuant to Art. 395 of Commercial Companies' Code.

File	Description

Note 29a

For the purposes of calculation of earnings per share total net profit for 2012 was taken and divided by the number of shares.

The Company does not plan any new issues of shares, nor it has issued any bonds convertible into shares, nor other events occurred that would increase the expected number of shares, nor occurred events changing profit level.

File	Description

EXPLANATORY NOTES TO CASH FLOW STATEMENT

I. Cash assets – see Note 8A, letter g).

For the purposes of cash flows short-term debt short-term debt securities are specified in the investment activities item, whereas the overdraft facility has been posted into the financial activity item rather than cash assets item.

Period	2012	2011
1. Cash and cash equivalents according to item 3.1.b of the assets	184 327	58 422
2. Adjustment to foreign currencies due to balance sheet pricing -	276	163
3. Cash for Cash Flow Statement	184 603	58 259

II. Variances between balance sheet changes:

a) receivables balance and changes in receivables posted into Cash Flow Statement:

	2012	2011
change in balance sheet	120 398	12 563
change of the balance of bills of exchange	-444	4 182
with maturity above 3 months (in the balance sheet		
presented in the line: "Short-term financial assets"		
In Cash Flow Statement	119 954	16 745

b) balance of liabilities and changes in the balance of those items shown in the Cash Flow Statement:

	2012	2011
change in balance sheet	-104 120	21 519
Adjustments:		
change in the balance of loan-related liability	29 908	7 050
change in the balance of liability related to the fixed assets		
under construction	-43 516	2 470
Change in balance of short-term liabilities		
under financial lease	50	-174
repayment of financial lease installments		
change in the balance of embedded derivative	579	-
(covered by the financial activity)		
Total adjustments	-12 978	8 767
In Cash Flow Statement	-117 098	30 286

III. The line "Other adjustments" (operational activities) shows changes in the balance of pricing of derivatives totaling PLN -4 988 thousand.

File	Description

B. ADDITIONAL EXPLANATORY NOTES

Additional explanatory notes to the 2012 Financial Statement of Tire Company DEBICA S.A.

1. Information about financial instruments

Changes in individual categories of Company's financial assets and liabilities (except for cash and other cash assets) in the period of 12 months ended on December 31, 2011 and December 31, 2012 were as follows:

('000 PLN)

	Tradable financial assets	Sellable financial assets	Tradable financial liabilities
January 1, 2011	1 716	144	36 958
 additions 	6 624	-	-
- reductions	13 328	-	7 050
- transfers	5 232		5 232
December 31, 20	11 244	144	35 140

January 1, 2012	244	144	35 140
- additions	343	-	681
- reductions	587	-	35 821
December 31, 2012	-	144	-
Balance sheet presentation	n		
Long-term financial assets			
- in other entities	-	144	
Short-term financial assets			
- in other entities	-		
Long-term liabilities			
- to other entities	-		
Short-term liabilities			
- to other entities	-		
December 31, 2012	-	144	
Overdraft facility			
- in other entities	0		
December 31, 2012	0		

The aforementioned financial instruments carry an exchange risk. The objectives and principles of financial risk management are presented in the 2012 "Activity Report of the Management Board of Tire Company Debica S.A."

Tradable financial assets and liabilities

The Company entered into contracts (with embedded derivatives) that are not financial instruments. The instruments apply to service purchase contracts denominated in foreign currencies. The Company posts embedded derivatives separately from the main contract and prices them using a fair value principle. The fair value is established using a forward price published for a certain currency by the Bank used by the Company. Changes in fair value are charged against other financial costs or gains in the accounting period when the changes occurred. The initial value of the main contract consists of the difference between purchase price specified in the main contract and the fair value of the embedded derivative.

In 2012 the Company discontinued pricing of embedded derivatives due to the change in the contract conditions. The gas (liquid nitrogen) supply contract was denominated in Polish currency (PLN) effective from May 2012. In the first quarter 2012 the Company assigned its rights under warehousing facility lease contract concluded between *MS-B* Sp. z o.o. S.K.A. and T.C. Debica S.A. to Goodyear Dunlop Tires Operations S.A. with its registered office in Luxembourg. This is a consequence of the change in business model – sales of finished goods to Goodyear Dunlop Tires Operations S.A. upon manufacturing process completion.

In 2012 the Company entered into current account committed overdraft facility agreement for a period of 3 and 4 years (see Note 16D). The concluded agreement secure Company's long-term liquidity in the times of uncertainty in the tire business and financial crunch.

At the balancing date the Company did not use its credit lines.

In 2012 interest expenses on financial liabilities ('000 of PLN) amounted to:

Liabilities	interest realized category	interest not realized category
Overdraft facility		1 084

In 2011 interest on overdraft facility amounted to PLN 3 736 thousand.

Marketable financial assets

The value of marketable financial assets priced for sale at the adjusted purchasing price included shares and interests for which there is no active market. The impact of overestimation/revaluation of marketable financial assets is charged into financial costs.

The Company does not hold any hedging instruments. The interest income on own receivables amounted to PLN 59 thousand.

Extended loans

As of December 31, 2012 there were no extended loans.

2. Contingent liabilities

The Company did not extend any guarantees nor sureties. There are no other material contingent liabilities except for those described below.

1. In July 1997, in Great Britain, a British citizen, Garry Hoye, was involved in a car accident. According to the victim's representatives, the accident was caused by a defective tire made by T.C. Debica S.A.

Pursuant to a civil action before the British court, compensation in the amount of GBP 770 000 of damages is claimed. The defendants include T.C. Debica S.A and the owner of the garage where the tire was mounted.

Since 1996, T.C. Debica S.A. has continuously held product civil liability insurance from AIG Polska, and in 1997 the coverage also included the territory of the United Kingdom.

The amount of damages claimed exceeds the liability limit of the insurance (PLN 4 100 000) by approximately PLN 600 000, but in the opinion of the British lawyer representing T.C. Debica S.A., there are grounds to demand significant reduction of the level of damages due to, inter alia, the age of the tire and due to the fact that in addition to T.C. Debica S.A., a second defendant is also involved in the case. Given the above, it is not necessary to establish a provision to cover the costs of contingent damages to be paid by T.C. Debica S.A.

2. Claim of Sonia and Zara Akhter

The victims have also lodged a claim for payment of damages (without specifying the amount) for damages sustained in an accident in September 1998 allegedly caused by a defective tire made by T.C. Debica S.A. Upon receipt of the claim, the damage was notified to AIG Poland S.A., which is handling the case in the UK. To date, we have not been advised about the termination of the case, but only about initiated talks on the settlement.

3. The year 2012 saw the completion of the last legal action brought forward by PZU against the Company or following PZU petition with the Company involved. The legally valid court decisions were issued to the benefit of the Company in all legal actions brought forward by or following a motion of PZU.

The Company believes that the risk of claim payment by T.C. Debica S.A. is low, the amount of the claim has not been specified, and therefore a provision has not been established for contingent liabilities.

The Management Board believes that in addition to disclosing the above events in the Financial Statement, no grounds exist to record these events in the Company's accounts.

3. Liabilities vis-à-vis budget in relation to the acquisition of ownership title to buildings and structures The Company does not have any liabilities vis-à-vis state nor municipality budget in relation to the acquisition of ownership title to buildings and structures.

4. Discontinued operations

In the accounting period, no business activity was wound up or discontinued, partially or fully, and consequently, there were no costs of discontinued activities.

5. Cost of fixed assets made for own consumption

The cost of fixed assets under construction and fixed assets for own consumption amounted to PLN 16 655 thousand for 12 months in 2012 and to PLN 9 836 thousand for 12 months in 2011.

6. Capital expenditures

In 2012 the capital expenditures amounted to PLN 175 287 thousand, of which PLN 2 682 thousand was spent on environmental projects. The capital expenditures planned for 2013 amount to PLN 172 087 thousand and for environmental projects PLN 2 238 thousand involving upgrading of the ventilation system.

7. Transactions with related entities

The transactions made in 2012 with business entities of the Goodyear Group were as follows:

Sales of products, goods and services	PLN 1 898 million
Disposal of fixed assets and investments	PLN 3 million
Purchase of materials and merchandise	PLN 479 million
Purchase of services and licensing fees	PLN 182 million
Investment purchases	PLN 22 million
Balance of receivables as of December 31, 2012	PLN 282 million
Balance of liabilities as of December 31, 2012	PLN 100 million

The Company entered into 45 transactions with the related entities with a one-off value exceeding EUR 500 thousand.

19 transactions were related to the purchase of raw materials, while another 26 transactions was concerned with the purchase of services and licensing fees.

In the accounting year covered by the financial statement the Company did not enter into any material transactions under non-arms length principles with related entities.

From 2012 onwards, pursuant to a new business model upon production completion the non-Debica branded tires are sold to Goodyear Dunlop Tires Operations S.A. with its registered office in Luxembourg. This change has a material impact on the inventory level of finished goods in 2012.

8. Joint ventures

Joint ventures that are not consolidated using the full method or the property rights method did not occur.

9. Headcount

The average headcount by occupational category is as follows:

average headcount	2011	2012	Women	Men
Total including:	3 010	2 951	693	2 258
white collar workers	421	24	152	272
blue collar workers	2 589	2 527	541	1 986

10. Remuneration of management and supervisory personnel

Remuneration of Management and Supervisory Boards in 2012 totaled to (in '000 PLN):

for the Management Board members:

1. Jacek Pryczek	2 136
2. Leszek Cichocki	1 247
Radosław Bółkowski	305
4. Stanisław Cieszkowski	1 012
Total:	4 700

for the Supervisory Bard members:

1. Raimondo Eggink	95.9
2. Przemysław Cieszyński	53.1
3. Maciej Mataczyński	123.5
4. Aleksander Ferenc	43.1
5. Renata Hadała	56.0
6. Piotr Wójcik	43.1
Total:	414.7

11. Advances, credits, loans, guarantees, sureties for the management and supervisory personnel

In the accounting period there were no settlements of accounts with the Management and Supervisory Board members in relation to loans and loan equivalents.

12. Information about material events in previous years.

None.

13. Information about material events that occurred after balancing date and not included in the financial statements.

Between balancing date and the date of this report no material events having material impact on this financial statement have occurred.

14. Legal predecessor

Tire Company "Debica" Spółka Akcyjna ("Company") was established on April 26, 1991 as a result of transformation of the state enterprise called "Stomil" Car Tire Works in Debica.

15. Financial statement adjusted for inflation

When the financial statement was being drawn up a principle of historical cost was assumed, and consequently the inflation impact is not considered, except for the pricing of embedded derivatives that were priced using a fair value principle.

A possible impact of inflation on the financial statement presentation as well as on the comparability of data in the Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheets from the current and previous years has not been determined.

The fixed assets may be subject to periodic revaluation by virtue of separate legislation in compliance with conversion indices set by the Polish Central Statistical Office.

16. Differences between data disclosed in the financial statement and previously published financial statements

None.

17. Modification of the accounting principles applied and way of drawing up the financial statement None.

18. Adjustments of fundamental errors

None.

19. Consolidation of financial statements

The Company is not a controlling entity and does not draw up a consolidated financial statement.

As of December 31, 2012 the Company had capital ties with:

Centrum Utylizacji Opon Organizacja Odzysku Spółka Akcyjna w Warszawie (Tire Recycling Center, Recovery Organisation S.A. in Warsaw) - 14% shareholding in shareholders' equity.

20. Fixed assets

The costs of fixed assets under construction amounting to PLN 153 710 thousand comprised:

- purchase of machinery and equipment PLN 121 839 thousand
- construction and assembly works PLN 25 482 thousand
- other PLN 6 389 thousand.

The gross value of fixed assets used under lease agreements, classified pursuant to the Accounting Act, as financial lease agreements totaled PLN 8 437 thousand, whereas the net value amounted to PLN 3 263 thousand.

From September 2001 to March 2012 the Company utilized - under a lease contracts - storage facilities along with auxiliary infrastructure that are located in Tarnów under the name Logistics Center. In the first quarter of 2012 The Company assigned the aforementioned lease contract to Goodyear Dunlop Tires Operations SA with its registered office in Luxembourg.

The Company insures its property against all risks involving direct physical loss or damage.

The Company also holds civil liability insurance for business operations carried out and for assets held, as well as a product civil liability policy.

21. Lands with perpetual usufruct right

As of December 31, 2012 the value of lands with perpetual usufruct right totaled PLN 31 074 thousand and its breakdown into individual categories is as follows:

Roads PLN 81 thousand, Arable lands PLN 2 thousand, Other developed lands PLN 1 491 thousand, Forests and forested lands PLN 4 642 thousand, PLN 772 thousand, Wasteland Housing lands PLN 29 thousand, Industrial areas PLN 20 190 thousand, Miscellaneous areas PLN 2 592 thousand, Still inland waters PLN 1 249 thousand, Urbanized non-developed lands PLN 26 thousand.

22. Fixed asset revaluation

As of December 31, 2012, the balance of fixed assets revaluation write-offs amounted to PLN 1 684 thousand. The revaluation write-offs were made for the coal-fired CHP plant in the amount of PLN 1 684 thousand.

The balance of revaluation write-offs for inventories was PLN 724 thousand including:

- for products PLN 402 thousand
- for raw materials PLN 322 thousand.

Meanwhile the balance of inventory revaluation write-offs in 2011 was PLN 1 907 thousand.

23. Ageing of receivables

At the end of December 2012 the gross balance of trade receivables amounted to PLN 321 806 thousand and its ageing was as follows:

-below 30 days -from 31 to 90 days -from 91 to 180 days -from 181 to 365 days -above 365 days

PLN 130 844 thousand, PLN 171 822 thousand, PLN 16 444 thousand, PLN 2 517 thousand, PLN 179 thousand.

A write-off revaluating the receivables totaled PLN 890 thousand.

24. Financial revenues and expenses in 2012 ('000 of PLN)

-1 084
4 619
-504
48
-3 458
-313
-515
-1 207
421
2 988
3 409
4 988
59
5 047
7 249
13 123
5 874

File	Description

SIGNATURES

SIGNATURES OF ALL MANAGEMENT BOARD MEMBERS			
Date	Name and surname	Position/Function	Signature
April 23, 2013	Jacek Pryczek	President of Management Board - CEO	
April 23, 2013	Leszek Cichocki	Management Board member – Finance Director	
April 23, 2013	Stanisław Cieszkowski	Management Board member –Production Director	
April 23, 2013	Radosław Bółkowski	Management Board member – Commercial Director	

SIGNATURE OF THE PERSON IN CHARGE OF BOOK KEEPING			
Date	Name and surname	Position/Function	Signature
April 23, 2013	Leszek Cichocki	Management Bard member – Finance Director	

MANAGEMENT BOARD REPORT

T.C. DEBICA S.A. MANAGEMENT BOARD REPORT ON COMPANY OPERATIONS IN 2012

drawn up on the grounds of § 91, par. 1 of the Ordinance of the Minister of Finance of February 19, 2009 on current and periodic information provided by the securities' issuers and requirements for recognition as equivalent information required by the law of a non-member state.

Debica, April 2013

- 1. T.C. DEBICA S.A. PRODUCTS
- 2. INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES
- 3. MAJOR EVENTS IN THE RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT AREA
- 4. PROCUREMENT
- 5. SALES AND DISTRIBUTION
- 6. COMPANY AUTHORITIES
- 7. FINANCIAL POSITION
- 8. FINANCIAL RISKS
- 9. DEVELOPMENT PLANS OF T.C. DEBICA S.A.
- 10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS
- 11. OTHER INFORMATION
- 12. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE
- 13. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

1. T.C. DEBICA S.A. PRODUCTS

1.1. CONSUMER AND COMMERCIAL TIRES

T.C. Debica S.A. manufactures a wide range of consumer and commercial tires under the brand names Debica, Goodyear, Dunlop, Fulda and Sava, as well as under private labels. Debica brand is a classical consumer tire brand and it has been an unquestionable leader on the Polish market for several years.

The consumer tires under Debica brand include summer, all-season and winter tires.

Summer consumer tires:

- PASSIO 2 14 sizes
- PASSIO 10 sizes
- FURIO 7 sizes
- PRESTO 17 sizes

All-season consumer tires:

- NAVIGATOR 2 11 sizes
- NAVIGATOR 7 sizes

Winter consumer tires:

- FRIGO HP 4 sizes
- FRIGO 2 15 sizes
- FRIGO 3 sizes
- FRIGO DIRECTIONAL 3 sizes

DEBICA PRESTO

Debica Presto is a summer high performance (HP) tire for passenger cars. The tire was launched in 2011 and its reception by the customers was very good.

Modern technological solutions, applied to the tire, provide reliable driving and good handling in every conditions. Thanks to numerous cuts in tread blocks that dissipate water effectively, and also silica-based compound, the tire offers very good wet handling. The tire is also very effective in the category of dry handling thanks to, among others, asymmetric tread pattern and reinforced shoulder zone. 4-rib design with double centerline rib guarantees quick response to the movements of steering wheel. The improved tire contour is responsible for the optimum stress distribution on the overall contact area of the tire with the road, securing even tread wear.

Tire for demanding drivers, valuing driving safety and comfort at high speeds.

DEBICA PASSIO 2

A summer tire designed specifically for passenger cars. It was very well received and has gained a high level of customer trust. The tire is wear-resistant, ensuring customers of a much longer mileage. Its specially designed tread compound guarantees a high level of safety and a short braking distance. The size line-up includes the 14 most popular sizes.

DEBICA NAVIGATOR 2

The all-season tire, with very good performance parameters. It is particularly recommended for drivers who want to use the same tires in both winter and summer. Available in 11 sizes, from 13 to 15 inches.

DEBICA FRIGO HP

Debica Frigo HP is the first ever winter brand for high performance vehicles. It was launched in 2012. Owing to high tech tread design, and also special compound, the tire offers comfortable and safe driving at high speeds in winter conditions. Additionally tire is characterized by high durability and wear resistance. Additionally low rolling resistance enhances fuel economy. Thanks to all aforementioned features Debica Frigo HP tire meets the expectations of Polish consumers even more fully. The tire is available in 4 dimensions, 15 and 16 inch diameter.

DEBICA FRIGO 2

The Debica Frigo 2's design meets the most essential needs of the Polish car owners. Its specially designed tread compound guarantees good road grip in Poland's variable winter conditions. Available in 15 sizes, from 13 to 16 inches.

1.2. DEBICA HEAVY TRUCK TIRS

T.C. Debica S.A. manufactures heavy truck tires under the brand names: Goodyear, Dunlop, Fulda and Sava. In 2012, T.C. Debica S.A. further expanded its production capacity and became one of the largest heavy truck tire manufacturers in Poland and within the Goodyear Group.

1.3. DEBICA INDUSTRIAL AND FARM TIRES

As regards agricultural and industrial tires, in 2012 the T.C. Debica S.A. offer consisted of 13 sizes of tires, with 16 tread patterns, and 4 sizes of industrial tire, with 3 tread patterns.

The T.C. Debica S.A. offered 4 tire categories:

- tractor steering axle tires: 4 sizes, with six tread patterns
- implement: 4 sizes, with six tread patterns
- small farm tires: 5 sizes, with four tread patterns
- industrial tires: 4 sizes, with three tread patterns

T.C. Debica S.A. also manufactures farm and industrial tires under other Goodyear Group brands.

1.4. MEMBRANES

Tire Company Debica S.A. is a producer of curing membranes used to make tires. In 2012 the Company produced above 171 thousand curing membranes for 166 product ranges starting from motorbike tire membranes, aviation tire membranes, through various types of consumer and farm tire membranes, ending up with heavy truck and industrial tire membranes.

Tire membranes are made for Company own consumption and for the export to corporate and third party customers. It total above 123 thousand membranes were sold to company, which produces tires, mainly in the Western Europe, Africa and Asia.

1.5 SHARE OF PRODUCT CATEGORIES IN TOTAL SALES

Product range	Sales in volume terms in '000 units	Sales in value terms in '000 PLN	Share in total sales	Change in sales value 2012 vs. 2011
Consumer, van,				
heavy truck, farm, industrial				
tires	14 523	1 967 897	92.2%	-5.5%
Other		165 363	7.8%	-30.7%
Total:		2 133 260	100.0%	-8.1%

2. INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES

In 2012, capital expenditures totaled PLN 175.3 thousand.

The investment activities were carried out in accordance with the investment plan and they focused on:

- a) purchase of equipment and machinery capable of producing technologically advanced products and securing the superior quality,
- b) maintenance of existing processes and fulfillment of legal requirements,
- c) actions aimed at generating savings, improvement of production efficiency, fulfillment of health and safety (H&S), fire prevention and environmental protection requirements.
- d) purchases of manufacturing accessories.

The investment activities aimed at:

- cutting of production costs through the implementation of the appropriate technical solutions, application of energy efficient equipment and implementation of new technologies,
- engineering measures taken to improve the utilization and optimization of the operation of existing machinery base and to bringing it in line with the requirements of new technologies;
- application of highly automated machinery and equipment, securing appropriate efficiency, effectiveness, product quality and better working conditions for the workers;
- application of solutions aimed at continuous improvement of health and safety conditions at work and environmental protection;
- application of equipment for continuous monitoring of production processes.

3. MAJOR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EVENTS

Technical development was determined by implementing into production the best in class products, on the grounds of new European labeling legislation and its requirements i.e. rolling resistance, wet braking and noise. To meet that challenge in the consumer tire product line the following was implemented into production:

- o new compounds with the latest material technologies, based on silicon with high active surface and functionalized polymers,
- o tire brands for application in extreme winter conditions that occupy leading places in the tests of independent experts in Europe and were assessed very high by the customers,
- o summer tires with excellent wet handling properties and high fuel efficiency,
- o OE product line was supplemented with higher rim diameter tires.

Meanwhile in the truck tire line drive and steer tires continued to be developed and they achieve very competitive performance in terms of fuel efficiency, wet handling and noise.

The HP tire manufacturing process determined further development of manufacturing process in order to maximize tire performance through:

- maximum utilization of highly automated machinery and processes,
- application of equipment for continuous monitoring of production processes,
- application of solutions aimed at continuous improvement of health and safety conditions at work and environmental protection.

4. PROCUREMENT

In 2012 T.C. Debica S.A. purchased India rubber from a related entity, viz. Goodyear Orient Company Private Ltd. with its registered office in Singapore. The equivalent of annual purchases from this source accounted for 13.1% of net sales revenues of the Company. Additionally synthetic rubber was purchased from a related entity, viz. Goodyear Akron with its registered office in USA, with the value of purchases accounting for 3.7% of the net sales revenues of Tire Company Debica S.A. Textile cords were purchased by the Company from a related entity. They accounted for 3.0% accordingly of the Company's net sales revenues.

5. SALES AND DISTRIBUTION

5.1. T.C. DEBICA S.A. TOTAL SALES IN VALUE TERMS BY POLISH AND EXPORT MARKETS

The year 2012 saw the business model change in the Goodyear Group. Now after the change the non-Debica brands are sold immediately after the completion of manufacturing process. Tires are sold to Goodyear Dunlop Tires Operations S.A. with its registered office in Luxembourg, registered in Poland for VAT purposes.

The business model change led to the situation where export sales was replaced by indirect export sales and there is no direct sales of tires to Goodyear Dunlop Tires Polska Sp. z o.o. The last direct tire sales to Goodyear Dunlop Tires Polska Sp. z o.o. was the sale transaction involving the inventory of non-Debica tire brands, existing on January 1, 2012. That transaction generated sales revenues totaling PLN 155 million in 2012.

In 2012 sales totaled PLN 2,133 million, down by 8.1 per cent compared to the previous year.

Exports totaled PLN 1,739 million in value terms and accounted for 81.5 per cent of total sales in value terms, of which 95.8 per cent was the sales to Goodyear Dunlop Tires Operations SA with its registered office in Luxembourg.

The domestic sales accounted for 18.5 per cent of Company's total sales revenues.

Major export markets for tires produced by T.C. Debica S.A. included Germany, Slovenia, France, Italy, Russia, Romania, Turkey, Spain and the United Kingdom (UK).

5.2. TOTAL SALES OF T.C. DEBICA S.A. IN VALUE TERMS WITH A BREAKDOWN INTO REPLACEMENT AND OEM MARKETS

In 2012, Tire Company Debica S.A. did not sell its products to original equipment manufacturer markets.

On the domestic replacement market, the tires were primarily distributed through:

- regional tire distributors,
- the Premio franchising network,
- tire service stations, namely, the Goodyear Group's Authorized Service Stations.

6. COMPANY AUTHORITIES

The year 2012 saw no changes in the basic principles of company management. 18th term of office of the Management and Supervisory Boards lasted until June 4, 2012 i.e. the date of holding General Meeting of Shareholders. 18th term of office of the Management Board started in 2011 and lasts for 3 years pursuant to the Company Statutes.

During its 18th term of office, the Management Board consisted of:

Jacek Pryczek - President of Management Board

Leszek Cichocki – Management Board Member

Stanisław Cieszkowski – Management Board Member

Waldemar Jarosz – Management Board Member (until March 5, 2012)

Radosław Bółkowski - Management Board Member (from March 5, 2012)

During its 18th term of office, the Supervisory Board consisted of:

Michel Rzonzef - Chairman of the Supervisory Board

Philippe Degeer – Deputy Chairman of the Supervisory Board

Maciej Mataczyński – Secretary of the Supervisory Board

Roberto Fioroni – Supervisory Board Member (until September 20, 2012)

Ronald Archer - Supervisory Board Member (from September 28, 2012)

Dominikus Golsong – Supervisory Board Member

Raimondo Eggink - Supervisory Board Member

Aleksander Ferenc – Supervisory Board Member

Piotr Wójcik- Supervisory Board Member*

*Pursuant to the provisions of § 14 par.2 of the Company Statutes the Supervisory Board comprises one representative of Company employees. Such employee representative was Mr. Piotr Wójcik, appointed on April 11-12, 2011 to the position of a Supervisory Board member for 18th term of office pursuant to the stipulations of the Statutes and Rules for Election of Employee Representative.

The 19th term of office of Supervisory Boards of T.C. Debica S.A. commenced on June 4, 2012.

The following persons were appointed for 19th term of office of the Supervisory Board:

Michel Rzonzef – Supervisory Board Member

Philippe Degeer – Supervisory Board Member

Maciej Mataczyński – Supervisory Board Member

Ronald Archer - Supervisory Board Member

Dominikus Golsong – Supervisory Board Member

Raimondo Eggink – Supervisory Board Member (until December 20, 2012)**

Przemysław Cieszyński – Supervisory Board Member (from December 20, 2012)**

Renata Hadała – Supervisory Board Member***

**Mr. Raimondo Eggink and Mr. Przemysław Cieszyński resigned from their Supervisory Board member positions effective from December 20, 2012. The Company's Supervisory Board acting pursuant to § 14, par. 4 of the Company Statutes and § 3 par. 4 of the Supervisory Board Operational By-Laws on January 7, 2013 coopted new members in the persons of Messrs. Karl Brocklehurst and Łukasz Rędziniak onto the Company's Supervisory Board.

***Pursuant to § 14, par. 2 of the Company Statutes, the Supervisory Board comprises one representative of the Company's employees. Mrs. Renata Hadała was designated by the Company employees as their representative and consequently she was appointed to the position of a Supervisory Board member for its 19th term of office, pursuant to the stipulations of the Statutes and Rules for the Election of an Employee Representative.

At the meeting held on June 4, 2012, the Supervisory Board carried out voting and elected:

Michel Rzonzef – Chairman of the Supervisory Board

Philippe Degeer – Deputy Chairman of the Supervisory Board

Maciej Mataczyński – Secretary of the Supervisory Board

The remuneration of the Management and Supervisory Boards in 2012 was presented in Section 10 of "The Additional Explanatory Notes" representing an integral part of the 2012 Financial Statement.

In 2012 the following members of the Company's governing bodies were holding shares in T.C. Debica S.A.:

Jacek Pryczek, President of Management Board − 1 share,

Stanisław Cieszkowski, Management Board Member - 420 shares,

Raimondo Eggink, Management Board Member (until December 20, 2012) - 500 shares.

Each and every share has a par value of PLN 8 each.

In 2012, the shareholders holding above 5% of shareholders' equity included:

1) Goodyear S.A. with its registered office in Luxembourg (hereinafter referred to as "Goodyear")

According to the information received from Goodyear, following the take-over bid for all remaining shares in the Company (submitted pursuant to Art. 74 par. 1 of the Act) on September 22, 2009 and settled on November 18, 2009, on November 16, 2009, Goodyear acquired 8 220 (in words: eight thousand, two hundred twenty) common bearer stock, accounting for 0.059% of the Company's shareholders' equity, with attached entitlement to 8 220 (in words: eight thousand, two hundred twenty) votes at the Company's General Meeting of Shareholders, accounting for 0.059% of the total number of votes at the General Meeting of Shareholders.

According to the information received, before the acquisition referred to hereinabove, Goodyear held 9 108 820 (in words: nine million, one hundred eight thousand, eight hundred twenty) Company shares, accounting for approximately 65.99% of the Company's shareholders' equity, with attached rights to 9 108 820 (in words: nine million, one hundred eight thousand, eight hundred twenty) votes at the Company's General Meeting of Shareholders, accounting for 65.99% of the total number of votes.

According to the information received, jointly with the voting rights that it held before the said acquisition, Goodyear holds 9 117 040 (in words: nine million, one hundred seventeen thousand, forty) votes at the Company's General Meeting of Shareholders accounting for 66.052% of the total number of votes at the General Meeting of Shareholders and corresponding to 9 117 040 (in words: nine million, one hundred seventeen thousand, forty) shares in the Company, accounting for approximately 66.052% of the Company's shareholders' equity.

On December 21, 2012 the Company received from Goodyear a notification that pursuant to the acquisition transaction held on December 21, 2012, Goodyear acquired directly 1 429 115 of ordinary bearer shares in the Company, accounting for 10.354% of the Company's shareholders' equity and giving entitlement to exercise 1 429 115 votes at the Company's General Meeting of Shareholders, accounting for 10.354% of the total number of votes at the Company's General Meeting of Shareholders, from PZU BIS 2 Close-End Non-Public Mutual Fund with its registered office in Warsaw, 100% shareholding in Alliance Silesia Portfolio I Sp. z o.o. with its registered office in Warsaw (hereinafter referred to as "Alliance Silesia Portfolio"). Before the aforementioned indirect acquisition Goodyear held directly 9 117 040 shares in the Company, accounting for 66.052% of the Company's shareholders' equity and giving entitlement to exercise 9,117,040 votes at the Company's General Meeting of Shareholders, which accounted for 66.052% of the total number of votes at the Company's General Meeting of Shareholders. As a result of the aforementioned indirect acquisition Goodyear holds now in total 10,546,155 shares in the Company, accounting for 76.406% of the Company's Shareholders, which accounted for 76.406% of the total number of votes at the Company's General Meeting of Shareholders, which accounted for 76.406% of the total number of votes at the Company's General Meeting of Shareholders, of which:

- (i) it holds directly 9 117 040 (in words: nine million one hundred seventeen thousand and forty) shares in the Company, accounting for 66.052% of the Company's shareholders' equity and gives entitlement to exercise 9 117 040 votes at the Company's General Meeting of Shareholders, which accounts for approximately 66.052% of the total number of votes at the Company's General Meeting of Shareholders;
- (ii) indirectly, through Alliance Silesia Portfolio, it holds 1 429 115 (in words: one million four hundred twenty nine thousand one hundred fifteen) shares in the Company, accounting for 10.354% of the Company's shareholders' equity and giving entitlement to exercise 1 429 115 votes at the Company's General Meeting of

Shareholders, accounting for 10.354% of total number of votes at the Company's General Meeting of Shareholders.

2) PZU Asset Management S.A., with its registered office in Warsaw

On December 17, 2012 the Company was notified by PZU Asset Management S.A. with its registered office in Warsaw, acting on behalf of its Customers and pursuant to concluded third party financial instrument portfolio management contracts that pursuant to the settlement made on December 14, 2012 of block purchase transaction of the total number of 1 380 273 (in words: one million three hundred eighty thousand two hundred seventy three) shares in the Company, the share of PZU Asset Management S.A. customers' investment portfolios in the total number of votes at the Company's General Meeting of Shareholders exceeded 5%. The Company made this information public by virtue of Current Report No. 27/2012, dated December 18, 2012. Pursuant to the notification the number of shares and votes held and the shareholding in percentage terms in the shareholders' equity and in the total number of votes before the change was 0. Pursuant to the notification the number of shares and votes held after the change of shareholding was 1 380 273 (in words; one million three hundred eighty thousand two hundred seventy three), and the shareholding in percentage terms in the shareholders' equity and in the total number of votes before the change was 9.999985%. The Company's Management Board was also notified by PZU S.A. with its registered seat in Warsaw that pursuant to the block share sale transaction made on December 13, 2012, the commitment of PZU S.A. and its subsidiary, viz. PZU Życie S.A. fell below 5% threshold in the total number of votes at the Company's General Meeting of Shareholders. Pursuant to the notification the number of shares and votes held before transaction was 1 380 273 (in words: one million three hundred eighty thousand two hundred seventy three), and the shareholding in percentage terms in the shareholders' equity and in the total number of votes before the change was 9.999985%. Pursuant to the notification the number of shares and votes held and the shareholding in percentage terms in the shareholders' equity and in the total number of votes after the change were 0.

The Company on December 19, 2012 received from PZU Asset Management S.A. in Warsaw ("PZU AM SA") a notification adjusting the notification dated December 17, 2012 (about the receipt of which the Company advised by virtue of Current Report No. 27/2012, dated December 18, 2012) and notification about shares disposal. Pursuant to the notification PZU AM SA learnt from one of the entities whose investment portfolio is under its management i.e. PZU BIS 2 Closed-End Non-Public Asset Mutual Fund ("the Fund"), represented by PZU S.A. Mutual Funds' Society, that in addition to 1 380 273 (in words: one million three hundred eighty thousand two hundred seventy three) shares in the Company, accounting for 9.99% of the Company's shareholders' equity and representing 1 380 273 (one million three hundred eighty thousand two hundred seventy three) votes on the Company's General Meeting of Shareholders, which accounts for 9.99% of the total number of votes in the Company, the Fund has held indirectly, through its subsidiary Alliance Silesia Portfolio I Sp. z o.o. with its registered office in Warsaw ("Alliance Silesia Portfolio Ltd.") 48,842 (in words: forty eight thousand eight hundred forty two) shares in the Company, accounting for 0.35% of the Company's shareholders' equity and representing 48,842 (in words: forty eight thousand eight hundred forty two) votes on the Company's General Meeting of Shareholders, which accounts for 0.35% of the total number of votes in the Company. The Fund holds 100% shareholding in Alliance Silesia Portfolio.

In parallel PZU AM SA acting pursuant to Art. 69, par. 1, subpar. 2) in conjunction with Art. 87, par. 1, subpar. 3, letter b) of the Act of July 29, 2005 on Public Offering and Terms and Conditions of Admitting Financial Instruments to Organized Trading System and on Public Companies notified the Company that on December 14, 2012 the Fund had transferred all shares held directly in the Company in the amount of 1,380,273 (in words: one million three hundred and eighty thousand two hundred seventy three) shares, accounting for 9.99% of the Company's shareholders' equity and representing 1,380,273 (in words: one million three hundred and eighty thousand two hundred seventy three) votes at the Company's General Meeting of Shareholders, which accounts for 9.99% of the total number of votes in the Company, to Alliance Silesia Portfolio. The Fund transferred the aforementioned shares in the Company to Alliance Silesia Portfolio due to the fact that the Fund covered the contribution to increased share capital of Alliance Silesia Portfolio with those shares. Once the Company shares were brought as a contribution in kind to the Alliance Silesia Portfolio the Fund does not hold directly any shares in the Company, but it holds indirectly through Alliance Silesia Portfolio 1,429,115 (in words: one million four hundred twenty nine thousand one hundred fifteen) shares in the Company, accounting in total for 10.35% of Company's shareholders' equity and representing 1,429,115 (in words: one million four hundred twenty nine thousand one hundred fifteen) votes at the Company's General Meeting of Shareholders, which accounts for 10.35% of the total number of votes in the Company.

On December 21, 2012 the Company received from PZU Asset Management S.A. in Warsaw ("PZU AM SA") and PZU BIS 2 Close-End Non-Public Asset Mutual Fund with its registered office in Warsaw ("the Fund"), represented by the PZU S.A. Mutual Funds' Society a notification that on December 21, 2012 the Fund sold 100% shareholding of Alliance Silesia Portfolio I Sp. z o.o. in Warsaw ("Alliance Silesia Portfolio"). Thus in

this deal the Fund sold indirectly 1,429,115 (in words: one million four hundred twenty nine thousand one hundred fifteen) shares in the Company, accounting in total for 10.35% of the Company's shareholders' equity and representing 1,429,115 (in words: one million four hundred twenty nine thousand one hundred fifteen) votes at the Company's General Meeting of Shareholders, which accounts for 10.35% of the total number of votes in the Company and these shares are held directly by Alliance Silesia Portfolio. Pursuant to the notification, once 100% shareholding was sold in Alliance Silesia Portfolio, the Fund does not hold directly or indirectly any shares in the Company. Pursuant to the notification no other entities covered by the mutual portfolio management contract entered into by PZU S.A. Mutual Funds' Society and PZU Asset Management S.A., do not hold directly or indirectly shares in the Company and no other mutual funds managed by the PZU S.A. Mutual Funds' Society hold directly or indirectly shares in the Company. The Company advised the general public about the receipt of the notification by virtue of Current Report No. 31/2012, dated December 21, 2012.

3) PZU "Golden Fall" Open-End Pension Fund with its registered office in Warsaw

Pursuant to the information received by the Company from PZU S.A. Universal Pension Society acting on behalf of PZU "Golden Fall" Open-End Pension Fund, made public by virtue of Current Report No 5/2012, dated February 7, 2012, the number of shares currently held by the Fund exceeds the threshold of 5% votes at the Company's General Meeting of Shareholders. Additionally the Company specified that before the announcement the number of shares and votes held was 686 168 (in words: six hundred eighty six thousand one hundred sixty eight), whereas the shareholding in percentage terms in the shareholders' equity and in the total number of votes was 4.97%. At present the number of shares and votes held is 804 290 (in words: eight hundred and four thousand two hundred ninety), whereas the shareholding in percentage terms in the Company's shareholders' equity and in the total number of votes is 5.83%.

Pursuant to the information received by the Company from PZU S.A. Universal Pension Society, acting on behalf of PZU "Golden Fall" Open-End Pension Fund, made public by virtue of Current Report No 3/2013, dated March 15, 2013, the number of shares currently held by the Fund is below the threshold of 5% of votes at the Company's General Meeting of Shareholders. Additionally it was specified that before entering into share sales transaction at the Warsaw Stock Exchange, the number of shares and votes held was 781.077 (in words: seven hundred eighty one thousand seventy seven), whereas the shareholding in percentage terms in the shareholders' equity and in the total number of votes was 5.66%. At present the number of shares and votes held is 631.077 (in words: six hundred thirty one thousand seventy seven), whereas the shareholding in percentage terms in the Company's shareholders' equity and in the total number of votes is 4.57%.

The Company was not advised of any further changes to the list of shareholders holding at least 5% of the share capital and at least 5% of the total number of votes at the General Meeting of Shareholders.

The Company shares are not subject to any constraints imposed on the assignment of ownership title to its securities; neither do any constraints exist on the exercise of voting rights, such a limitation of the exercising of voting rights by the holders of a certain part, or number, of votes, or time constraints concerning the exercising of voting rights, or clauses, under which, in collaboration with the Company, rights attached to securities would be separate from securities held. The Company has issued no securities with special control rights.

The Issuer has no knowledge of any contracts that could lead, in the future, to changes in the proportions of shares held by the current shareholders.

The Company has no control system for the employee share control schemes.

The Company Statutes provide for no special principles for amending the Statutes that can be followed pursuant to effective law, including, in particular, the provisions of the Commercial Companies' Code.

7. FINANCIAL POSITION

In 2012 Tire Company Debica S.A. generated a net profit totaling PLN 93.4 million, up by PLN 2.6 million and up by 2.6 per cent compared to that in 2011. The sales revenues totaled PLN 2 133.6 million and went up by 8.1 per cent compared to the record-high sales level in 2011.

The year 2012 should be recognized as one of the toughest periods for the automotive business since 1990. Despite a decline in the tire market potential, the Company performed very well. An increase of net profit by almost PLN 2.6 million compared to good result generated in 2011 was possible thanks to offering drivers competitive products and savings in the Company's overheads.

Compared to the previous year major financial highlights are as follows: (PLN M)

	2012	2011
Sales of products, merchandise and materials	2 133.3	2 321.6
Operating profit (EBIT)	109.6	135.0
Gross profit	116.9	113.6
Net profit	93.4	90.8

Similarly to the previous years the key 2012 profit growth driver was the membership of the Tire Company Debica S.A. in the Goodyear Group, which is the major customer buying tires made by the Tire Company Debica S.A.. The sales to the Goodyear Group related entities totaled PLN 1897.8 million and accounted for 89.0 per cent of the total sales.

The year 2012 saw the business model change in the Goodyear Group. Now after the change the non-Debica brands are sold immediately after the completion of manufacturing process. Tires are sold to Goodyear Dunlop Tires Operations S.A. with its registered office in Luxembourg, registered in Poland for VAT purposes. The business model change led to the situation where export sales was replaced by indirect export sales and there is no direct sales of tires to Goodyear Dunlop Tires Polska Sp. z o.o.

The operating profit in 2012 totaled PLN 109.6 million, down by 18.8 per cent on a year-to-year basis. The EBIT decline in 2012 is a result of shrinking sales volume and an increase of unit production costs. The unit production costs of products sold were up by 4.3% compared to the previous year.

The costs of sales and general management totaled PLN 78.2 million and accounted for 28.4 of the total sales in value terms and accounted for 3.7 per cent of the total sales in value terms compared to 4.6 per cent in 2011.

The other operating net income in 2012 was negative and totaled minus 12.1 million and was down by PLN 9.3 million compared to the previous year due to underutilized production capacity. These costs were not present in 2011, but in 2012 they totaled PLN 9.7 million. Other operating costs were reduced by PLN 0.4 million.

In 2012 the Euro and USD exchange rate fluctuations had the opposite direction compared to the previous year. Additionally the Company had more idle cash at its disposal. Consequently in 2012 the financial activity gains totaled PLN 7.2 million compared to the loss of PLN 21.4 million on a year-to-year basis.

The positive impact on the financial activity gains, that was up by PLN 28.6 million in 2012, was exerted by: foreign exchange gains amounting to PLN 11.9 million, pricing of derivatives in the amount of PLN 11.7 million as well as interest income and discounted bill of exchange totaling PLN 5.0 million.

Since May 2012 the Company has had no long-term contracts denominated in foreign currencies with embedded derivative in the form of foreign exchange rate. Consequently the closing balance of receivables and payables in relation to that starting from May 31, 2012 equals zero. The 2012 derivative pricing gains totaled PLN 5.0 million.

Thanks to positive financial activity result, despite operating profit fall by 18.8 per cent, the 2012 gross profit is up by 2.9 per cent compared to 2011.

In 2012 net profit totaled PLN 93.4 million, return on equity – 11.09%, whereas earnings per share – PLN 6.77.

In 2012 the effective income tax rate was at the level of 20.1% compared to the statutory rate of 19.0%.

At the year-end fixed assets totaled PLN 765.7 million in value terms and were up in 2012 by PLN 100.1 million.

The value of tangible fixed assets was up by PLN 106.7 million. It was the result of executed capital expenditures totaling PLN 175.2 million and leasing of fixed assets worth PLN 2.2 million, accrued depreciation of PLN 69.8 million as well as sales and disposal totaling PLN 0.9 million. The intangible assets were down by PLN 0.7 million i.e. by the value of accrued depreciation.

Deferred tax assets were down by PLN 5.9 million.

The current assets were down by PLN 162.9 million including inventory totaling PLN 168.5 million, whereas receivables were down by PLN 120.4 million. Cash in bank and cash in hand were up by PLN 125.9 million.

In total the value of Company's assets totaled PLN 1392.0 million and was up by PLN 62.8 million.

In 2012 the Company's equity was up by PLN 48.0 million in relation to net profit totaling PLN 93.4 million and dividend payment for 2011 in the amount of PLN 45.4 million.

The closing balance of Company's equity in 2012 totaled PLN 866.2 million and accounted for 62.2 per cent of balance total. The book value per share was PLN 62.76.

8. FINANCIAL RISKS

Financial risks present in the Company are monitored and managed.

The financial risk implied by the type and scope of run business activities, may involve growing level of unrecoverable debts being a result of necessary sales crediting, driven by market environment. Given that the share of unrecoverable debts is 0.05% of sales revenues per year and is not subject to a material change, the Company focuses on securing its receivables, both from formal and legal perspective (bill of exchange, mortgage, pledge), and from business perspective (improvement of supply logistics, more in-depth studies of financial standing of customers etc.). Consequently good management in this area allows to generate added value. According to Company's Management Board, the level of financial risk connected with debt collection fluctuates insignificantly.

The Company depends on the fluctuations of the foreign exchange rates in connection with the exports of finished goods and imports of raw materials, however, pursuant to the long-term financial strategy it does not use currency risk hedging instruments but rather uses natural hedging. The export revenues are predominantly used to purchase imported raw materials.

In 2012 the Company entered into current account overdraft facilities for the total amount of PLN 175 million. The Company's Management Board does not envisage any material turbulences in cash flows, nor a loss of financial liquidity.

Despite ongoing global liquidity crisis that led to shrinking of the financing through capital markets, lower liquidity level of the financial sector and very high volatility in the stock markets, the Company maintained its liquidity and financing stability. The Management Board does believe that it takes all steps necessary to support stability and development of Company economic activities in current market environment.

T.C. Debica S.A. has maintained safe debt level and has diversified the debt and operational risks through collaboration with four banks.

In 2012 the Company has consistently maintained high financial liquidity combined with low debt level. At the end of 2012 the utilization of the current account overdraft facility was zero PLN. All trade payables and liabilities vis-à-vis state budget were paid at maturity.

The deterioration of the liquidity status may have adverse impact on Company customers and their ability to pay their liabilities. The worsening operational conditions of customers may have impact on the cash flow projections and evaluation of the assets impairment. To the extent information was available, the Management Board took into consideration the revised estimated of expected future cash flows in its assessment of assets impairment.

9. PLANNED DEVELOPMENT OF T.C. DEBICA S.A.

Tire Company Debica S.A. continues its investment projects in the "Euro-Park Mielec" Special Economic Zone concerned with the adaptation of the manufacturing process of HP and UHP passenger tires, which fall into the most profitable segment of tire market. Already in 2012 Tire Company Debica S.A. launched the production of 17" tires and tires with the highest speed indices i.e. W (270 km/h) and Y (300 km/h).

Moreover, in relation to the tire labeling requirement that came into force in November 2012. The Company has been investing into the compliance of its products with the labeling requirement set forth in the Regulation of European Parliament and Council (EC) No. 1222/2009. Pursuant to EU recommendations all consumer tires, light delivery and heavy truck tires leaving the Debica plant, produced after July 1, 2012 have to be equipped with a label with information about three key parameters of the tire i.e. wet grip, rolling resistance and external rolling noise.

The above investment projects are implemented from 2011 to 2013. They aim at the implementation of solutions at the Company that would secure compliance with technical and legal requirements set forth in the Labeling Regulation.

Total capital expenditures in the 2011–2013 period will hover around PLN 205 million.

T.C. Debica S.A. is the largest Goodyear's manufacturing plant in Europe and one of the largest globally.

10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

As of the end of 2012 the Company was in the possession of the following financial assets and liabilities:

Financial assets put up for sale

– interests in third parties

PLN 144 thousand.

The closing balance of financial liabilities in 2012 was nil.

The changes in the balance of above financial assets and liabilities categories in 2012 and 2011, their pricing principles at balancing date and posting of financial effects of pricing are described in item 1. in "Additional Explanatory Notes to the 2012 Financial Statement".

11. OTHER INFORMATION

A.

In 2012 the value of transactions with related entities belonging to the Goodyear Group related to the sales of products, commodities and services totaled PLN 1898 million, whereas the value of fixed asset disposal was PLN 3 million.

The value of purchase transactions was PLN 683 million.

The one-off transactions of combined transactions with the total value exceeding EUR 500.000 were made with the following entities:

Sales transactions:

Goodyear Dunlop Tires Operations S.A., Luxembourg	1,666.2	million PLN
Goodyear Dunlop Tires Polska Sp. z o.o.	161.4	million PLN
Goodyear Lastikleri T.A.S., Turkey	16.5	million PLN
Goodyear Dunlop Tire, Germany	16.1	million PLN
Goodyear Dunlop Tire, France	12.0	million PLN
Goodyear South Africa, Republic of South Africa	5.3	million PLN
Goodyear Innovation Center, Luxembourg	5.2	million PLN
Goodyear Dalian Tire Company Ltd, China	4.9	million PLN

Purchase transactions:

Goodyear Orient Co. Pte Ltd, Singapore	279.4	million PLN
Goodyear Akron, USA	174.9	million PLN
Goodyear Dunlop Tires Operations SA, Luxemburg	129.1	million PLN
Goodyear S.A., Luxembourg	85.4	million PLN
Goodyear Lastikleri T.A.S., Turkey	6.6	million PLN
Goodyear Dunlop Tires Polska Sp. z o.o	4.6	million PLN

B

The Company has not extended any loans, nor guaranties and sureties, nor it has drawn any loans.

The Company utilized current account overdraft facility. The closing balance of current account overdraft facility liabilities in 2012 was zero.

In 2012 the Company entered into agreements for current account overdraft facilities for the total amount of PLN 175 million. Notes 19D and 20C to the Balance Sheet comprises a list of these agreements as well as terms and conditions of extended financing.

The financial resources in the Company possession enabled it to pay on time the taken liabilities.

In the period covered by the Report the Company did not issue any debt or equity securities.

 \mathbf{C}

In 2012 the Company did not invest into any securities, financial instruments nor real properties.

D/

The Company did not announce publicly the financial forecast for 2012.

E/

The Company is a party to the following material contracts:

- technical assistance contract and licensing contract concluded with The Goodyear Tire Rubber Company with its registered office in Akron,
- gas supply contract concluded with Air Products Gazy Sp. z o.o. with its registered office in Kędzierzyn-Koźle.

The Company does not know any contracts concluded between shareholders (partners), insurance contracts, joint effort or co-operation agreements.

F/

In 2012 no changes were made in the fundamental rules for company management.

G

Information about remuneration of the officers managing and supervising the Company has been provided in the Additional Explanatory Notes in Section 10.

H/

Employment contracts signed by the Company and Management Board members provide for compensation for the Management Board members, should these contracts be terminated by the Company without a valid reason.

I/

The following members of the Company's governing bodies were holding shares in T.C. Debica S.A.:

Jacek Pryczek, President of Management Board – 1 share

Stanisław Cieszkowski, Management Board Member - 420 shares

Raimondo Eggink, Management Board Member (until December 20, 2012) - 500 shares

Each and every share has a par value of PLN 8 each.

J/

The Company has no knowledge about any contracts that could lead in the future to changes in the proportions of shares held .

K/

On July 27, 2011 a contract was signed with PricewaterhouseCoopers Sp. z o.o. with its registered office in Warsaw, at Al. Armii Ludowej 14, for the audit of 2012 financial statements.

The fee due for the audit and review of 2012 Financial Statements totals PLN 250 000.

The fee due and paid for the audit and review of 2011 Financial Statements PLN 250 000.

In 2012 and 2011 did not use tax counseling services PricewaterhouseCoopers Sp. z o.o. There were no other fees.

12. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

In 2012, T.C. Debica S.A., which has been listed on the Warsaw Stock Exchange (WSE) since 1994, complied with the recommendations for corporate governance included in "Code of Best Practice for WSE Listed Companies", enclosed to Resolution No. 20/1287/2011 of the WSE Supervisory Board, dated November 19, 2011, and published on the website at: www.corp-gov.gpw.pl, with the following provisos:

The Company did not apply Rule No. I.1 concerning the registration and publishing of the proceedings of the General Meeting of Shareholders. Given the cost of registering and publishing the General Meeting of Shareholders on the website, the Company resolved to make no change to the current, transparent and effective information policy concerning the course of the General Meeting of Shareholders.

The Company did not apply Rule No. II.2a concerning publication of separate information about participation of women and men in the Company's Management and Supervisory Boards respectively in the last two years, since information about the composition and changes in staffing of Company's governing bodies are published on the Company's website.

Description of the principles for the appointment and dismissal of managing persons and their competencies, including, in particular, the right to take a decision regarding a share issue or buy-out and a description of the operations of the issuer's managing, supervisory or administrative bodies and their committees.

The Company's Management Board

The Company's Management Board comprises from 3 to 7 members. A Management Board member shall not hold office for more than three years (term of office).

Management Board members are appointed for a common term of office. The term of office starts on the day of appointment and expires no later than on the day on which the General Meeting of Shareholders is convened to approve the financial statement for the year in which the term of office has commenced. Management Board members may be re-appointed to serve another term of office. The Supervisory Board determines the number of Management Board members. The Supervisory Board appoints and dismisses the President and other members of the Management Board. The mandate of the Management Board member expires as a result of the lapse of the term of office, death, resignation or dismissal. Resignation is effective from the moment when a written statement thereof is submitted to the Company, or at a later date, as indicated in that statement. The date indicated may be no later than 30 days from the day on which the written statement was submitted to the Company. If the date indicated is later than 30 days from the date of submission, the resignation takes effect upon the lapse of 30 days from the date on which the written statement is submitted to the Company.

In the employment contracts and other contracts between Company and Management Board members, as well as in disputes with the latter, the Company is represented by the Chairman of the Supervisory Board. The establishing of remuneration principles and other terms and conditions of such contracts lies within the sole power of the Chairman of the Supervisory Board.

The Management Board conducts the Company's business and represents the Company.

The powers of the Management Board shall include all matters not specifically reserved, by a parliamentary act or these Statutes, for the competences of the General Meeting of Shareholders or the Supervisory Board. The Management Board acts in accordance with the detailed provisions of the Management Board's Operational By-Laws. The By-Laws are adopted by the Management Board and approved by a resolution of the Supervisory Board. The Management Board's Operational By-Laws have been published on the Company's Website www.debica.com.pl.

Statements on behalf of the Company may be made by two Members of the Management Board, acting jointly, or by one Member of the Management Board acting jointly with the Holder of a General Commercial Power of Attorney. All the Management Board members are obliged and entitled to run the Company's business jointly.

The Supervisory Board

The Supervisory Board comprises from 5 to 9 members; the number of Supervisory Board members for a given term of office is determined by the General Meeting of Shareholders by virtue of a resolution. The Supervisory Board members are appointed by the General Meeting of Shareholders; however, the Company's employees appoint one representative. A Supervisory Board member shall not hold office for more than one year (a single term of office). The same person may be re-appointed for another term of office. Supervisory Board members are appointed for a common term of office. The term of office starts on the day of appointment and expires no

later than on the day on which the General Meeting of Shareholders is convened to approve the financial statement for the year in which the term of office has commenced.

The detailed rules of the Supervisory Board's operation are defined in the Statutes and the Supervisory Board's Operational By-Laws, adopted by the Supervisory Board. The Supervisory Board's Operational By-Laws have been published on the Company's Website www.debica.com.pl. The Supervisory Board shall exercise supervision over the Company's activities in every field of its endeavors.

Besides those matters reserved by the provisions of the Company's Statutes, the Supervisory Board shall be entitled to:

- 1) examine the financial statement,
- 2) examine the Management Board's report, as well as the Management Board's motions as to the distribution of profit or the coverage of loss,
- 3) submit a written report on the results of the actions referred to in subparagraphs 1 and 2 to the General Meeting of Shareholders,
- 4) approve the establishment of, or participation in, a company or syndicate,
- 5) approve the acquisition or disposal of shares or interests in other companies or the acquisition of their affiliates by the Company,
- 6) approve the sale of an organized part of the Company's assets, save for the stipulations of Article 393, paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Polish Code of Commercial Partnerships and Companies,
- 7) approve the performance of other legal actions, which may be of binding force, or may enable the management the Company's fixed assets, including the acquisition or disposal of real estate, if the value of a single legal action should exceed the PLN equivalent of US\$ 500,000 (in words: five hundred thousand US dollars) or in the case of interconnected actions executed within consecutive 12 months and exceeding the PLN equivalent of US\$ 1,000,000 (in words: one million US dollars), the concluding of management contracts, joint investment contracts, license contracts or long-term co-operation contracts and the establishment of patent companies,
- 8) approve the pledging of the Company's assets with a value exceeding the PLN equivalent of US\$ 1,000,000 (that is: one million US dollars), or the extension of a guarantee amounting to the same sum, for a term of 12 consecutive months,
- 9) establish the remuneration for Supervisory Board members who have temporarily been assigned to perform the functions of Management Board members;
- 10) provide written opinions on motions submitted to the General Meeting of Shareholders concerning the matters covered in Article 26, par. 1 of the Company's Statutes;
- 11) suspend either individual, or all, members of the Management Board from their duties, on serious grounds;
- 12) assign one or more of its members to the temporary performance of the duties of the Management Board in the case of the suspension or removal of individual, or all, members of the Management Board or when, for other reasons, the Management Board is unable to perform its functions;
- 13) approve the Management Board's Operational By-Laws;
- 14) appoint an auditor to audit the Company's financial statements,
- 15) approve Company's Operational By-Laws.

The Supervisory Board may appoint standing or ad hoc committees acting as collective advisory and opinion forming Supervisory Board bodies. In the resolution on the appointment of a Committee, the Supervisory Board specifies the scope of a given Committee's operations and responsibilities. The Supervisory Board Committees appointed by the Supervisory Board submit reports to the Supervisory Board on their activities, by the deadlines indicated in the resolution on the appointment of a given Committee. The Supervisory Board appoints the members of the Committee from amongst its members. The members of a Committee elect the Chairman of the Committee from amongst its members by virtue of a resolution. A Committee shall consist of at least two members. The Chairman of the Supervisory Board, or another Supervisory Board Member designated by the Chairman, convenes the first meeting of the Committee. The Committee Chairman directs the work of the Committee. The Committee chairman exercises supervision over the drafting of the agenda, the organization of document distribution, and the drawing up of the minutes of the Committee meetings, availing himself of the assistance of the Company's Management Board office in this respect. The Committee's meetings are convened by the Committee Chairman and, during his absence or his inability to perform this function, by the Supervisory Board Chairman or another Supervisory Board Member designated by the Chairman, who invites Committee members to the meeting and notifies all the remaining Supervisory Board Members of the meeting. All Supervisory Board Members are entitled to attend the Committee meeting. The Supervisory Board members should be notified of the convention of the meeting no later than 7 (seven) days before the Committee meeting and, in an emergency, no later than 3 (three) days before the Committee meeting.

The Committee Chairman may invite Management Board members, Company associates and other persons to the Committee meeting, in as much as their participation in the meeting is useful for the performance of the Committee's tasks. The Committee's resolutions are adopted by an ordinary majority of the votes cast. Committee members may vote on the adoption of a resolution in person, by taking part in the Committee meeting, or remotely.

The Minutes of a Committee meeting are drawn up and should be signed by the Supervisory Board members present at the Committee meeting. The Minutes should contain the resolutions, motions and Committee reports. The Minutes of the Committee meetings are kept on the Company's premises. The copies of the Minutes are forwarded to all Supervisory Board members. The Committee Chairman, or a person indicated by the Chairman, is authorized to submit motions to the Supervisory Board on the Supervisory Board's adoption of resolutions, on the preparation of expert opinions or other opinions on the scope of assignments, or on the appointment of an advisor, as required by the Committee.

The Standing Audit Committee reports to the Supervisory Board. The Audit Committee consists of at least three members, appointed and dismissed by the Supervisory Board from amongst its members. The composition of the Audit Committee shall include at least one member who meets the criterion of independence and has qualifications in the field of accounting or financial audit, as required by the Act on Chartered Accountants and their Self-Government, Entities Certified to Audit Financial Statements and Public Supervision, dated May 7, 2009.

The financial statements are drawn up by the Company's Financial Controller and the supervision of this process is exercised by the Company's Management Board. The Supervisory Board of T.C. has set up a Standing Audit Committee of the Supervisory Board pursuant to the requirements set forth in Art. 86 of the Act on Chartered Accountants and their Self-Government, Entities Certified to Audit Financial Statements and Public Supervision, dated May 7, 2009.

The responsibilities of the Standing Audit Committee of the Supervisory Board are as follows:

- a) the monitoring of the Company's financial reporting process,
- b) the monitoring of the efficiency of internal controls, the internal audit system and the risk management system,
- c) the monitoring of the performance of financial audit activities,
- d) the monitoring of the independence of the entity certified to audit financial statements,
- e) making recommendations to the Supervisory Board for an entity certified to audit financial statements or to carry out financial reviews at the Company,
- f) to analyze written information received from the entity certified to audit financial statements about material aspects of the financial review and to notify the Supervisory Board of the Audit Committee's position on the matter.

The General Meeting of Shareholders: its mode of operation and basic powers and a description of shareholders' rights and the ways in which they may be exercised.

The Company's General Meeting of Shareholders, acting pursuant to the provisions of the Commercial Companies' Code, with the wording effective from August 3, 2009, is convened through an announcement made on the Company's Website and in compliance with the procedure established for day-to-day reporting, pursuant to the provisions of the Public Offering Act and the Terms and Conditions of Admitting Financial Instruments to the Organized Trading System and on Public Companies. Such announcement should be published at least twenty six days prior to the date of General Meeting of Shareholders.

The General Meeting of Shareholders is convened by the Management Board. The Supervisory Board may convene Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders, if the Management Board has failed to convene it within timeframe set forth in the Commercial Companies' Code or in the Statute, and may convene Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders, if it deems advisable to do so. The Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders may be also convened by the shareholders representing at least half of shareholders' equity or at least half of total votes in the Company. The shareholder or shareholders representing at least one twentieth of shareholders' equity may demand the convention of Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders as well as putting individual matters on the agenda of such Meeting. The request to convene the Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders shall be filed with the Management Board in writing or electronically.

The General Meeting of Shareholders is opened by the Chairman of the Supervisory Board or his Deputy; the Chairman of the General Meeting of Shareholders is then elected from amongst those entitled to participate in the General Meeting of Shareholders.

Should the Supervisory Board Chairman or his Deputy be absent, the General Meeting of Shareholders is opened by the President of the Management Board, or by a person designated by the Management Board. The General Meeting of Shareholders may agree on a recess with a two-thirds majority of the votes. The length of a recess may not exceed thirty days in total.

The powers of General Meeting of Shareholders shall include:

- the examination and approval of the Management Board's report and the financial statements for the
 previous accounting year, as well as the acknowledgement of the performance of their duties by the
 members of the Company's governing bodies;
- 2) the adoption of a resolution on profit distribution or loss coverage;
- 3) the amendment of the Company's scope of activities;
- 4) the amendment of the Company's Statutes;
- 5) an increase or decrease in the shareholders' equity;
- 6) the merger, transformation, dissolution and liquidation of the Company;
- 7) the issuance of convertible bonds, or those vested with pre-emptive rights to the Company's shares from a new offering;
- 8) making any and all decisions relating to claims for the redress of damages caused in the course of the Company's formation, or in the exercise of executive or supervisory duties.
- 9) the disposal or lease of the enterprise, or of an organized part thereof, and the establishment of a limited property rights.

In addition to the matters specified above, the matters determined by the Commercial Companies' Code require a General Meeting of Shareholders' resolution.

The Company's General Meeting of Shareholders may be attended by persons who were Company shareholders sixteen days prior to the date of General Meeting (the registration date of participation in the General Meeting) and who requested the entity maintaining their securities account to issue a personal certificate in respect of their right to attend the General Meeting, pursuant to the provisions of Commercial Companies' Code.

Voting is executed by means of a computer voting system, assuring that votes are cast in proportion to the number of shares held, as well as assuring the anonymity of individual shareholders' votes in the case of a secret ballot.

13. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AT T.C. DEBICA S.A.

One of the fundamental operational principles of Tire Company Debica S.A. is the compliance with the environmental standards laid down in legal requirements and the implementation of the latest technical and technological solutions. The above is confirmed by the official inspections of the central government administrative bodies and the compliance with the in-house air emission permissible levels, water and energy consumption rates and complete recycling of production waste. These trends are illustrated by data provided below.

Environmental emissions

Green house effect gases

The Company emits green house effect gases during production of process media and heating of facilities. Through rationalization of saturated steam consumption in the tire making process and enhanced energy utilization rate (despite production stoppages caused by market circumstances) there is a declining trend of carbon dioxide emissions.

Carbon dioxide emissions from company boiler house in 2009-2012

CO2 emission in '000 tons 43 46 41 36 Year 2009 2010 2011 2012

Total environmental gaseous emissions

The declining trend is also visible in the emissions of all volatile matter from tire manufacturing process and from generation of power media. This is evidenced by the volume of hydrocarbons emission from the manufacturing process per ton of finished goods. This level of that index is adversely affected by the stoppages of manufacturing line that happened in 2012 due to adverse market circumstances (due to shrinking demand).

Hydrocarbon emission volume in 2009-2012 (in kgs per 1 Mg of product)

 Hydrocarbon emission volume in kgs/Mg
 1.16
 1.13
 1.11
 1.16

 Year
 2009
 2010
 2011
 2012

Energy consumption

Total energy consumption during tire manufacturing process reflects the advancement of plant equipment and applied technologies. Also energy consumption rate reflects disadvantageous impact of manufacturing line stoppages and operational breaks of manufacturing systems

Number of kilowatt-hours per product unit in the manufacturing process in 2009-2012

Energy utilization in BTU/lbs 6581 6048 5676 6343 Year 2009 2010 2011 2012

Industrial waste management

Technological advancement and production process efficiency is illustrated by the volume of production waste. Tire Company Device S.A. does not store waste. Total waste is recycled or – if it is not possible – the waste is disposed of.

Volume of recycled waste per 1 Mg of products in 2009-2012

Volume of recycled waste per 1 Mg of products 5783 7154 8536 6499 Year 2009 2010 2011 2012

Water and effluents

Total volume of effluents generated during tire manufacturing and domestic sewage equals the total water consumption at Tire Company Debica S.A. Additionally the upgrading projects underway and the application of closed loops allow to meet water consumption and effluent production limits.

Water consumption (m³) per 1 Mg of products in 2009-2012

Volume of effluents (m3) per 1 Mg of products 10 10 9.6 12.6 Year 2009 2010 2011 2012

Environmental fees

The indicator reflecting total utilization of natural environment is the level of environmental fees for water consumption, gaseous emissions and production of effluents per ton of product made. The growth of that indicator in the last two years was caused by an increase of environmental fees set forth by law every year.

Environmental fees in 2009–2012 (PLN/1 Mg of product)
Environmental fees (PLN/1 Mg of product) 1.7 1.4 1.6 1.9
Year 2009 2010 2011 2012

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	File	Description
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STATEMENT ABOUT CORPORATE GOVERNANCE APPLICATION

In 2012, T.C. Debica S.A., which has been listed on the Warsaw Stock Exchange (WSE) since 1994, complied with the recommendations for corporate governance included in "Best Practices of WSE Listed Companies", enclosed to the Resolution No. 17/1249/2010 of the WSE Supervisory Board, dated May 19, 2010, and published on the website at the address: www.corp-gov.gpw.pl, with the following provisos:

The Company did not apply Rule No. I.1 concerning the registration and publishing of the proceedings of General Meeting of Shareholders. Given the cost of registering and publishing of the recordings of the

General Meeting of Shareholders' proceedings on the Website, the Company resolved to make no change to the current, transparent and effective information policy concerning the course of the General Meeting of Shareholders.

The Company did not apply Rule No. II.2a concerning publication of separate information about participation of women and men in the Company's Management and Supervisory Boards respectively in the last two years, since information about the composition and changes in staffing of Company's governing bodies is published on the Company's website.

File	Description

This Report does not comprise the following notes:

Long-term receivables,

Change in the balance of long-term receivables (by title),

Change in the balance of revalued long-term receivables,

Long-term receivables (by currency)

Change in the balance of real properties (by category),

Change in balance of intangible assets (by category),

Shares or interests in subsidiaries priced using property rights method including:

Change in goodwill - subsidiaries,

Change in goodwill - co-subsidiaries,

Change in goodwill – associated entities,

Change in negative goodwill - subsidiaries,

Change in negative goodwill – co-subsidiaries.

Change in negative goodwill – associated entities,

Shares or interests in controlled entities,

Shares or interests in controlled entities – cont.,

Extended long-term loans (by currency),

Other long-term investments (by type),

Change in balance of other long-term investments (by category),

Other long-term investments (by currency),

Other prepayments and accruals,

Other short-term investments (by type),

Other short-term investments (by currency),

Own shares (interest),

Issuer's shares (interest) held by controlled entities,

Appropriations from net profit during accounting year (by title),

Long-term credit- and loan-related liabilities,

Long-term liabilities related to the issued debt financial instruments

Short-term liabilities related to the issued debt financial instruments

Change in negative goodwill

Contingent receivables from related entities (by title),

Contingent liabilities vis-à-vis related entities (by title),

Financial gains from dividends and shares in profits

Proceeds (loss) from disposal of total or a part of shareholding in subsidiaries

Extraordinary gains

Extraordinary profits

Total amount of deferred tax,

Income tax posted into Profit and Loss Account referring to

Other mandatory deductions from profit (loss increases), due to:

Share in net profits (losses) of controlled entities priced using property rights method including: